City of Graham, North Carolina Audited Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022



# City of Graham, North Carolina

# Year Ended June 30, 2022

# **City Council Members**

Jennifer Talley - Mayor

Ricky Hall - Mayor Pro Tem

Bobby Chin

Bonnie Whitaker

Joey Parsons

# **Administrative and Financial Staff**

Megan M. Garner – City Manager Julianne Cordon – Finance Officer Sandy Callahan – Tax Collector

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Certified Public Accountants

Advisors to Management INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Graham Graham, North Carolina

# **Report on the Audit of Financial Statements**

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Graham (the "City"), North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based upon our audit, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Graham, North Carolina as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Basis of Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Graham and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Member of PCPS, the AICPA Alliance For CPA Firms

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1440 Burlington, NC 27216-1440

Street Address: 1233 South Church Street Burlington, NC 27215

336-226-7343 fax 336-229-4204 www.ssmkllp.com e-mail: ssmk@ssmkllp.com

# Responsibilities of Management for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raises substantial doubt about the City of Graham's ability to continue as a going concern for the twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Governmental Auditing Standards* will always detect material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Governmental Auditing Standards we

- exercised professional judgement and maintained professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsible to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Graham's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Graham's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 5 through 13, and the Other Post Employment Benefit on page 61, Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions on pages 59 and 60, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) and Contributions, on pages 56 and 57, respectively, and the Firefighter' and Rescue Squad Worker's Pension Fund's Schedule of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) on page 58 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consist of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Graham's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory information and the statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 29, 2022 on our consideration of the City of Graham's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Graham's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Graham's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

STOUT STUART ME GOWEN & KING LLP

Burlington, North Carolina November 29, 2022

# **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

As management of the City of Graham, we offer readers of the City of Graham's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Graham for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

# **Financial Highlights**

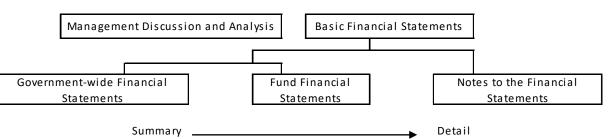
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Graham exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$76,310,277 (*net position*).
- The government's total net position increased by \$4,819,449, due to an increase in the business type activities' net position of \$3,313,178 and an increase in the government type activities' net position of \$1,506,271.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Graham's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,447,824 an increase of \$1,629,640. Approximately 31% of this total amount, or \$5,166,365, is non-spendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, available fund balance for the General Fund was \$10,083,559 or 69% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The City of Graham's total debt decreased by \$432,297 or 8% during the current fiscal year.
- The water and sewer fund produced an excess of revenue over expenditures in the amount of \$131,621 under budgetary reporting.

# **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to City of Graham's basic financial statements. The city's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the City through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the City of Graham.

### Required Components of Annual Financial Report





### **Basic Financial Statements**

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the city government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is

provided to show details about the City's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the City's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the City's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the City's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property, sales and utility taxes and State and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the City charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the City of Graham.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Graham, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the City of Graham can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

**Governmental Funds** – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The City of Graham adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City, and the decisions of the Council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the City complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Council; 2) the final budget as amended by

the Council; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

**Proprietary Funds** – The City of Graham has two different kinds of proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. *Internal Service Funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the functions of the City of Graham. The City uses an internal service fund to account for one activity – its central garage operations. Because this operation benefits predominantly governmental rather than business-type activities, the internal service fund has been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 26 of this report.

**Other Information** – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Graham's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 56 of this report.

**Interdependence with Other Entities** – The City depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the City is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

The City of Graham's Net Position

		111		Figure 2	S Net I Us				
	Gover	nmental Activitie	s	Busi	iness-Type Activ	ities		Total	
	2022	2021	2020	2022	2021	2020	2022	2021	2020
Current and other									
assets \$	20,303,605	\$ 16,319,586	\$ 15,774,811	\$ 17,436,715	\$ 18,107,937	\$ 16,928,322	\$ 37,740,320	\$ 34,427,523	\$ 32,703,133
Capital assets	19,439,814	19,110,606	18,996,346	47,269,844	43,883,056	40,398,430	66,709,658	62,993,662	59,394,776
Deferred outflows									
of resources	4,876,201	4,665,538	1,814,374	1,100,958	1,0 53 ,8 3 2	437,619	5,977,159	5,719,370	2,251,993
Total assets	4 4 ,6 19 ,6 2 0	40,095,730	36,585,531	65,807,517	63,044,825	57,764,371	110,427,137	103,140,555	94,349,902
Long-term liabilities									
outstanding	635,660	529,261	4 10 ,6 58	4,802,298	5,294,840	3,570,853	5,437,958	5,824,101	3,981,511
Other liabilities	18,688,828	18,316,505	14,449,252	4,947,889	5,803,820	4,716,082	23,636,717	24,120,325	19,165,334
Deferred inflows of									
resources	3,957,639	1,4 18,74 2	1,717,272	1,084,546	286,559	3 55,8 8 7	5,042,185	1,705,301	2,073,159
Total liabilities	23,282,127	20,264,508	16,577,182	10,834,733	11,3 8 5,2 19	8,642,822	34,116,860	3 1,6 4 9 ,72 7	25,220,004
Net Position:									
Net invested in									
capital assets	19,439,814	19,110,606	18,996,346	42,311,172	39,134,631	36,447,762	61,750,986	58,245,237	55,444,108
Restricted	5,166,365	4,209,867	4,370,234	789,776	1,269,250	695,944	5,956,141	5,479,117	5,066,178
Unrestricted	(3,268,686)	(3,489,251)	(3,358,231)	11,871,836	11,255,725	11,977,843	8,603,150	7,766,474	8,619,612
Total net position \$	2 1,3 3 7,4 9 3	\$ 19,831,222	\$ 20,008,349	\$ 54,972,784	\$ 51,659,606	\$ 49,121,549	\$ 76,310,277	\$71,490,828	\$ 69,129,898

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, the net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the City of Graham exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$76,310,277 as of June 30, 2022. The City's net position increased by \$4,819,449 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. However, the largest portion (81%) reflects the City's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The City of Graham uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Graham's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City of Graham's net position, 7% represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$8,603,150 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the City's financial operations influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- There were increases in the Ad valorem taxes; due to continued collection diligence, and in the Local Option Sales Tax.
- There was an increase in water and sewer charges, including connections, despite the impact of the coronavirus pandemic.
- There were also grants received during the year supporting the capital projects.
- There were decreases in the liability for LGERS and OPEB benefits.

# City of Graham's Change in Net Position

#### Figure 3

	Go	vernmental Activit	ties	-	Bus	ines	s-type Activi	ties				 Total	Total					
	2022	2021	2020		2022		2021		2020		2022	 2021	2020					
Revenues:																		
Program revenues:																		
Charges for services	\$ 1,735,075	\$ 1,466,200	\$ 1,107,057	\$	8,320,580	\$	8,050,593	\$	7,140,864	\$	10,055,655	\$ 9,516,793	\$ 8,247,921					
Grants and contributions																		
Operating	1,266,231	1,2 59,860	1,060,233		-		-		-		1,266,231	1,2 59,860	1,060,233					
Capital	2 2 5,9 6 0	193,869	2 52 ,12 8		2,645,547		1,592,653		68,194		2,871,507	1,786,522	320,322					
General revenues:																		
Property taxes	6,128,709	6,003,313	5,742,231		-		-		-		6,128,709	6,003,313	5,742,231					
Other taxes	6,932,594	5,908,032	5,071,288		-		-		-		6,932,594	5,908,032	5,071,288					
Grants and contributions not																		
restricted to specific progra	248,157	281,807	230,088		-		-		-		248,157	281,807	230,088					
Unrestricted investment																		
e arning s	15,550	38,299	118,923		15,063		46,082		116,529		30,613	84,381	235,452					
Transfers	-	-	-		-		-		-		-	-	-					
Other	115,119	120,042	10,320		7,512		(1,235)		1,636		12 2 ,6 3 1	 118,807	11,9 56					
Total revenues	16,667,395	15,271,422	13,592,268		10,988,702		9,688,093		7,327,223		27,656,097	 24,959,515	20,919,491					
Expenses:																		
General government	3,383,381	3,674,226	3,213,239		-		-		-		3,383,381	3,674,226	3 ,2 13 ,2 3 9					
Public safety	7,376,689	6,850,274	6,571,981		-		-		-		7,376,689	6,850,274	6,571,981					
Transportatio n	1,238,076	1,824,827	1,608,852		-		-		-		1,238,076	1,824,827	1,608,852					
Economic protection	1,049,376	949,150	929,485		-		-		-		1,049,376	949,150	929,485					
Culture and recreation	2,113,602	2,150,072	2,034,878		-		-		-		2,113,602	2,150,072	2,034,878					
Water and sewer	-	-			7,675,524		7,150,036		7,181,929	-	7,675,524	 7,150,036	7,18 1,9 2 9					
Total expenses	15,16 1,12 4	15,448,549	14,358,435		7,675,524		7,150,036		7,181,929	-	22,836,648	 22,598,585	21,540,364					
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,506,271	(177,127)	(766,167)		3,313,178		2,538,057		14 5,2 9 4		4,819,449	2,360,930	(620,873)					
Net position, July 1	19 ,8 3 1,2 2 2	20,008,349	20,774,516		51,659,606		49,121,549		48,976,255		71,490,828	 69,129,898	69,750,771					
Net position-July 1-Restated	19,831,222	20,008,349	20,774,516		51,659,606		49,121,549		48,976,255		71,490,828	 69,129,898	69,750,771					
Net position, June 30	\$ 21,337,493	\$ 19,831,222	\$ 20,008,349	\$	54,972,784	\$	51,659,606	\$	49,121,549	\$	76,310,277	\$ 71,490,828	\$ 69,129,898					

**Governmental activities**: Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$1,506,271, accounting for (31%) of the total increase in the net position of the City of Graham. Key elements of this change in net position are as follows:

- There was an increase in the Ad valorem taxes in the amount of \$125,396.
- There was an increase in charges for services in the amount of \$268,875.
- There was also an increase in the Local Option Sales Tax of \$963,520.
- There were decreases in the LGERS and OPEB liabilities in the amount of \$1,835,142 and \$451,112 respectively, due to the re-evaluation of cost to provide these benefits.

**Business-type activities:** Business-type activities increased the City of Graham's net position by \$3,313,178 accounting for 69% of the total growth in the government's net position. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- There were increases in charges for services of \$269,987.
- There were decreases in the LGERS and OPEB liabilities in the amount of \$487,822 and \$122,442, respectively, due to the re-evaluation of cost to provide these benefits.
- There was an increase in grant funding for the capital projects in the amount of \$1,052,894.

# Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Graham uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds**. The focus of the City of Graham's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Graham's financing requirements.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Graham. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Graham's fund balance available in the General Funds was \$11,281,459 while total fund balance reached \$13,627,235. The Governing Body of the City of Graham has determined that the City should maintain an available fund balance of 30% of general fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting cash flow needs of the City. The City currently has an available fund balance of 78% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 94% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2022, the governmental funds of the City of Graham reported a combined fund balance of \$16,447,824, with a net increase in fund balance of \$1,629,640. Included in this change in fund balance is an increase of \$1,407,592 in the general fund and an increase in the non-major funds of \$222,048.

**General Fund Budgetary Highlights**: During the fiscal year, the City revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues received were more than the original budgeted amounts during the year, keeping pace with expenditures resulting in revenue over expenditures of \$1,407,592.

**Proprietary Funds**. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$11,871,836. The total increase in unrestricted net position was \$3,313,178.

# Capital Asset and Debt Administration

**Capital assets.** The City of Graham's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business–type activities as of June 30, 2022, totals \$66,709,658(net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions and disposals:

• Several infrastructure projects were completed in addition to new vehicles, trucks and equipment.

Figure 4																				
		Gov	o vernmental Activities Business-type Activities											Total						
	2022 2021 2020				2020	2022			2021	2021 2020			2022		2021		2020			
Land	\$	2,956,005	\$	2,956,005	\$	2,731,504	\$	1,281,547	\$	1,281,547	\$	1,281,547	\$	4,237,552	\$	4,237,552	\$	4,013,051		
Art Collection		62,100		62,100		62,100		-		-				62,100		62,100		62,100		
Building and systems		1,602,256		1,656,935		1,7 11,6 14		9,507,929		9,743,131		9,978,332		11,110,185		11,400,066		11,689,946		
Water and sewer systems		-		-		-		14,336,669		14,692,100		15,047,531		14,336,669		14,692,100		15,047,531		
Improvements other																				
than buildings		3,452,945		3,661,501		2,776,011		11,749,472		11,969,491		11,966,638		15,202,417		15,630,992		14,742,649		
In frastructure		7,285,671		7,218,042		7,371,888		-		-		-		7,285,671		7,218,042		7,371,888		
Vehicles and equipment		4,080,837		3,556,023		3,619,429		2,109,820		1,671,077		1,408,162		6,190,657		5,227,100		5,027,591		
Construction in progress		-		-		723,800		8,284,407		4,525,710		716,220		8,284,407		4,525,710		1,440,020		
To tal Capital Assets	\$	19,439,814	\$	19,110,606	\$	18,996,346	\$	47,269,844	\$	43,883,056	\$	40,398,430	\$	66,709,658	\$	62,993,662	\$	59,394,776		

### City of Graham's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

Additional information on the city's capital assets can be found in note II.A.4. of the Basic Financial Statements.

# Long-term Debt

As of June 30, 2022, the City of Graham had no bonded debt outstanding.

# City of Graham's Outstanding Debt

The City of Graham's total debt decreased by 8% during the past fiscal year, this decrease is due to the additional loan for the Boyd Creek Pump Station capital project for \$27,630 and the new lease liability of \$19,931 offset by payments on the debt and leases which totaled \$479,858. North Carolina General Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for City of Graham is \$104,679,397. Additional information regarding the City of Graham's long-term debt can be found in note II.B.5.

As management of the City of Graham, we offer an overview and analysis of financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 202. This report is designed to provide an overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in this area. We encourage interested parties to read the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information provided within the City's financial statements.

# **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

In fiscal year 2022-2023, the City of Graham and our citizens moved forward from the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and looked for ways to improve the overall business of our organization. The sales tax revenue held steady, the property tax base increased slightly, hundreds of new residents now call Graham home, economic development interest is high, and new housing starts are steady.

The City continues to invest in infrastructure and employees to meet the needs of our ever-growing population. We remained positioned to take advantage of any infrastructure funding that became available from federal and state sources.

We experienced rising costs for goods, services, and labor during this fiscal year with a similar outcome anticipated for the upcoming fiscal year. In addition to experiencing rising costs with contracted services, we have experienced an increase in costs for our employees to provide services, such as sanitation collection. Looking forward several years, the City will face challenges in addressing succession among employees, particularly those holding leadership positions.

The City's General Fund revenues are most affected by fluctuations in the economy. The sales and use tax, the City's second largest revenue, is particularly elastic as it is impacted by the economy and consumer consumption. Growth in recent years has fueled an increase in the taxable valuation of property in the City. It is estimated that the tax base will continue to grow and outpace inflation for the coming year.

# **Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2023**

The proposed annual budget totals \$29,229,000 for an increase of \$4,4583,200 above FY 2021- 2022 across all funds.

Governmental Activities: Some of the highlights for the FY 2022-2023 General Fund Budget are:

- The Ad Valorem tax rate remained at \$0.455 per \$100 of valuation.
- One penny on the tax rate was estimated to generate \$133,967 based on a 97% collection rate.
- There was an increase in refuse fees from \$8.50 to \$10.50.
- There were no transfers from the Water and Sewer Fund to the General Fund.
- No new programs or services were proposed; however, there were reductions in staffing levels for Planning, Police, Fire Department, and Public Works. The function of Downtown Development was eliminated.
- The 2022-2023 expenditures included \$1,470,000 in capital funding, including the eighth consecutive year for street resurfacing.
- There were no appropriations requested for the Garage and the Cemeteries Perpetual Care Funds.
- There were no changes to the System Development Fees for FY 2022- 2023.
- Expenditures for public safety totaling \$7,298,900 encumbered all of the ad valorem tax levy of \$6,149,100 by over \$1,149,800.

**Business-type Activities**: Ensuring the efficient delivery of services to citizens has required a commitment to making necessary investments in the system's operations and critical water and sewer infrastructure. This enterprise operation is capital-intensive, requiring constant maintenance, replacement, and upgrading. Coupling those aspects with significant regulatory oversight compounds our challenges. In FY 2021-2022, the City began to appropriate funds to cover the debt service for recent projects and looking ahead to the costly wastewater treatment plant expansion, which will be the largest financial undertaking by the City.

The Water and Sewer Fund is operated to account for the activities of the Water and Sewer System. It is classified as an enterprise fund rendering services on a user-charge basis. Water and sewer charges account for the largest source of revenue for this fund at \$9,178,200 or 77% of the total revenues for the fund.

o Water Rates: Based on expenditures, water base rates increased to \$5.03 and a new tier structure was implemented based on usage.

o Sewer Rates: Sewer charges must generate enough revenue to cover approximately \$5,016,800 in expenditures including the loan servicing and engineering fees for Waste Water Treatment Plant Improvements and Expansion. To cover these expenditures, base rates also increased to \$5.03 and a new tier structure was implemented based on usage.

Overall expenditures for the Water and Sewer Fund are proposed at an increase of \$2,814,200 over the prior year. The primary difference between the two years is associated with the ongoing wastewater treatment plant improvement project.

Below are highlights from the various departments:

*Garage Fund*: The Garage operations are responsible for the maintenance of the City's entire equipment and vehicle fleet, as well as maintaining contracts with ACTA, Graham Housing Authority, the Alamance Municipal ABC Board, and the Town of Green Level. The City's garage also provides fuel services for Alamance County, excluding the Sheriff's Office. Revenues are generated largely from our own operations (\$789,000) with the balance from sales and services to other contracted entities. There are no fund balance appropriations this year and total revenue is estimated at \$1,064,500. Major expenditures include Fuel and Parts Inventories.

*Cemeteries Perpetual Care Fund*: Established in 2015, the fund ensures the perpetual care and beautification of the City's cemeteries. For FY 2022-2023, no appropriations were requested.

*Water & Sewer Capital Reserve Fund*: Less of an independent fund and more of a sub-fund of the Water & Sewer Fund, this capital reserve fund accounts for receipts from the levy of System Development Fees.

*Asset Forfeiture Funds*: The City operates both a State and Federal asset forfeiture fund whereby assets seized from certain law enforcement activities are accounted for. Revenues are highly unpredictable as well as the timing of their receipt. Expenditures are regulated by the terms of the agreement with the associated agencies and programs and generally cannot be used to subsidize any operating budgets. Therefore, only nominal placeholder entries were included in the budget adoption to ensure against it.

*Wastewater Treatment Plant Upgrade Capital Project Fund*: Pursuant to our nutrient capacity study completed in 2019, a substantial upgrade to our WWTP was required in order to meet current permit requirements for nutrient removal. The project will also expand our permitted capacity from 3.5 MGD to 5.0 MGD The City Council approved a design engineering and bidding contract with Hazen and Sawyer. The total project was estimated at \$35,000,000 but has now exceeded \$74,000,000 for construction alone. The State Water Infrastructure Authority has now approved a Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) loan for 52,689,500, with up to 25% of the loan (maximum of \$500,000) as forgivable and the remainder will be repayable at a maximum interest rate of 0.18%. The balance of the funding will come from an Additional Supplemental Appropriations for Disaster Relief Act of 2019 (ASADRA) loan in the amount of \$23,000,000, repayable at a maximum interest rate of 0.18%. In FY 2020-2021, Water and Sewer fees began a 4-year graduated increase to cover future debt service requirements. The FY 2022 -2023 budget reflects year three of the graduated increase in rates.

This report is designed to provide an overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any information found in this report or request for additional information should be directed to:

Megan M. Garner, City Manager City of Graham 201 South Main Street Graham, NC 27253 The page intentionally left blank.

# City of Graham, North Carolina Statement of Net Position

#### June 30, 2022

		Primary Government	
	Governmental	Business-type	
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,854,488	\$ 8,376,315 \$	23,230,80
Taxes receivables (net)	229,400	-	229,40
Accrued interest receivable on taxes	53,455	-	53,45
Accounts receivable (net)	230,838	1,753,917	1,984,75
Lease receivable		35,119	35,11
Prepaid expenses	62,343	-	62,34
Due from other governments	2,153,990	3,052,737	5,206,72
Internal balances	(5,655)		5,200,72
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	2,709,798	925,501	3,635,29
Non-current assets	2,709,790	723,301	5,055,27
Lease receivable - non-current	_	76,161	76,16
Right to use lease assets, net of amortization	14,948	70,101	14,94
Notes receivable	14,940	3 211 210	
Capital assets (Note 1):	-	3,211,310	3,211,31
Land, non-depreciable improvements, and			
construction in progress	3,018,106	9,565,954	12,584,060
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	16,421,708	37,703,890	54,125,59
Total capital assets	19,439,814	47,269,844	66,709,65
Total assets	39,743,419	64,706,559	104,449,978
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charge on refunding	-	-	
Pension deferrals	2,459,373	487,351	2,946,724
OPEB deferrals	2,416,828	613,607	3,030,43
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,876,201	1,100,958	5,977,15
	4,870,201	1,100,938	5,977,15
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	738,499	219,522	958,02
Accrued interest payable	1,024	34,256	35,280
Unearned ARP revenue	2,493,170	-	2,493,170
Payable from restricted assets	13,575	135,725	149,300
Long-term liabilities:			
Net pension liability - LGERS	1,247,983	310,151	1,558,134
Net pension liability - LEO	1,898,894	-	1,898,894
Net OPEB liability	12,065,949	3,695,770	15,761,719
Due within one year	229,734	552,465	782,199
Due in more than one year	635,660	4,802,298	5,437,958
Total liabilities	19,324,488	9,750,187	29,074,67
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Prepaid taxes	4,787	-	4,787
Unearned revenues	203,053	_	203,053
Leases	203,035	111,264	111,264
Pension deferrals	2,013,126	511,834	2,524,960
OPEB deferrals	1,736,673	461,448	
			2,198,121
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,957,639	1,084,546	5,042,185
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	19,439,814	42,311,172	61,750,986
Restricted for:			
Cemetary Perpetual Care	2,820,589	-	2,820,58
Stabilization by State Statute	2,345,776	-	2,345,770
Capital Reserve Fund	-	789,776	789,776
Unrestricted	(3,268,686)	11,871,836	8,603,150
Total net position	\$ 21,337,493	\$ 54,972,784 \$	76,310,277

### City of Graham, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

							es		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Positie					
					Ope	rating Grants	5							
				Charges for		and	Capital Grants and		Governmental		<b>Business-type</b>			
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Co	ontributions		Contributions		Activities	Α	ctivities		Total
Governmental Activities:														
General government	\$	3,383,381	\$	315,510	\$	327,509	\$	-	\$	(2,740,362)	\$	-	\$	(2,740,362)
Public safety		7,376,689		615,129		402,095		-		(6,359,465)		-		(6,359,465)
Transportation		1,238,076		-		484,663		225,960		(527,453)		-		(527,453)
Environmental protection		1,049,376		580,083		-		-		(469,293)		-		(469,293)
Human services		-		-		42,904		-		42,904		-		42,904
Cultural and recreation		2,113,602		224,353		9,060				(1,880,189)		-		(1,880,189)
Total governmental activities		15,161,124		1,735,075		1,266,231		225,960		(11,933,858)		-		(11,933,858)
Business-type activities:														
Water and sewer		7,675,524		8,320,580		-		2,645,547	_	-		3,290,603		3,290,603
Total business-type activities		7,675,524		8,320,580		-		2,645,547		-		3,290,603		3,290,603
Total primary government	\$	22,836,648	\$	10,055,655	\$	1,266,231	\$	2,871,507		(11,933,858)		3,290,603		(8,643,255)
General revenues:														
Taxes:														
Property taxes, levied for ge	enera	l purpose								6,128,709		-		6,128,709
Other taxes										6,932,594		-		6,932,594
Grants and contributions not r	estric	cted to specific	pro	grams						248,157		-		248,157
Unrestricted investment earning	ngs									15,550		15,063		30,613
Miscellaneous										115,119		7,512		122,631
Total general revenues ex	cludi	ng special iten	ns, tr	ansfers						13,440,129		22,575		13,462,704
Transfers												-		
Total general revenues, sp	pecial	l items, and tra	nsfe	rs						13,440,129		22,575		13,462,704
Change in net position										1,506,271		3,313,178		4,819,449
Net position-beginning										19,831,222		51,659,606		71,490,828
Net position-ending									\$	21,337,493	\$	54,972,784	\$	76,310,277
The meter to the financial statements are on i	ntom	al nant of this	atata	mont										

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### Exhibit 2

### City of Graham, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		Majo	r I	Fund				
								Total
	I	Major Fund	A	American Rescue		Total Non-	G	overnmental
ASSETS		General		Plan Fund	N	1ajor Funds		Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,016,006	9	\$	\$	2,817,089	\$	14,833,095
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		216,628		2,493,170		-		2,709,798
Accrued interest receivable		-				-		-
Taxes receivables, net		229,400		-		-		229,400
Accounts receivables, net		191,786		-		3,500		195,286
Due from other governments		2,153,990		-		-		2,153,990
Total assets	\$	14,807,810	Ş	\$ 2,493,170	\$	2,820,589	\$	20,121,569
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		729,760		-		-		729,760
Payable from restricted cash		13,575		-		-		13,575
Total liabilities		743,335				-		743,335
NEEDDED NEI ONG OD DEGOUDGEG								
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		000 400						222 402
Property taxes receivable		229,400		-		-		229,400
Prepaid taxes		4,787		-		-		4,787
Unearned revenue		203,053		2,493,170				2,696,223
Total deferred inflows of resources		437,240		2,493,170		-		2,930,410
FUND BALANCES								
Non Spendable								
Cemetary Perpetual Care Restricted		-		-		2,820,589		2,820,589
Stabilization by State Statute		2,345,776		-		-		2,345,776
Assigned								
General Government improvements		-		-		-		-
Subsequent year's expenditures		1,197,900		-		-		1,197,900
Unassigned		10,083,559		-		-		10,083,559
Total fund balances		13,627,235				2,820,589		16,447,824
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and								
fund balances	\$	14,807,810	9	\$ 2,493,170	\$	2,820,589	:	

#### Exhibit 3 City of Graham, North Carolina **Balance Sheet Governmental Funds** June 30, 2022 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because: Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds \$ 16,447,824 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. \$ 35,145,405 Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation (15,705,591)19,439,814 Total Less internal service fund net capital assets included as net assets below (46,342) 19,393,472 Right to use leased assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Right to use assets at historical cost 19,931 Accumlated amortization (4,983)14,948 Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds 2,413,075 Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds 2,370,700 Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds 53,455 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of the garage fund, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. (95,793) Consolidation adjustment for internal balances between the Internal Service Fund and the Governmental Funds (5,655)(101, 448)Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements. 229,400 Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds (843,007) (1,898,894)Net LEOSSA pension Net OPEB liability (11, 860, 360)Net pension liability (1,216,821)Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds (1,964,938)(1,699,913)Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds Net position of governmental activities 21,337,493 \$

#### City of Graham, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Maj			ınd				
			A	nerican Rescue	] Tot	al Non-Major		Total
	Ge	neral Fund		Plan Fnnd		Funds	Go	vernmental
REVENUES								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	6,135,763	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,135,763
Other taxes and licenses		935		-		-		935
Unrestricted intergovernmental		7,065,757		-		-		7,065,757
Restricted intergovernmental		887,101		-		-		887,101
Permits and fees		603,642		-		-		603,642
Sales and services		928,697		-		18,300		946,997
Investment earnings		11,884		-		3,748		15,632
Other revenues		515,478						515,478
Total revenues		16,149,257				22,048		16,171,305
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		2,608,132		-		· -		2,608,132
Public safety		7,193,980		-		-		7,193,980
Transportation		1,362,403		-		-		1,362,403
Environmental protection		1,251,464		-		-		1,251,464
Culture and recreation		2,125,686		-		-		2,125,686
Capital Outlay	<u></u>	-						
Total expenditures		14,541,665						14,541,665
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,607,592		-		22,048		1,629,640
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (to) from other funds		(200,000)				200,000		
Letter of credit funds		(200,000)		-				-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(200,000)				200,000		-
Net change in fund balance		1,407,592		-		222,048		1,629,640
Fund balances-beginning		12,219,643		-		2,598,541		14,818,184
Fund balances-ending	\$	13,627,235	\$		\$	2,820,589	\$	16,447,824

City of Graham, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Bala Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022	nce		xhib ntinu	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	1,629,640
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period				
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	\$	998,515		
Depreciation expense for governmental assets		(892,160)		106,355
Book value of disposed capital asset not recorded in fund statements				(662)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included				675,632
on the Statment of Activities				27,151
OPEB benefit payments and administrative costs made in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities				252,152
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds				
Amount of donated assets				225,960
Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenue Change in accrued interest receivable on taxes				(5,923) (1,131)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.				
Right to use leased asset				(491)
Compensated absences				(81,224)
Pension expense				(455,657)
Net pension obligation LEOSSA				(205,695)
Other postemployment benefits				(592,466)
Consolidation adjustment for internal balances between the Internal Service Fund and the				
Governmental Funds Net revenue of internal service funds determined to be governmental-type		(70,360) 2,991		(67,369)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		:	\$	1,506,271

#### City of Graham, North Carolina General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				General Fu	ınd			
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				riance with
							Fit	nal Budget -
		0 1		<b>D'</b> 1	<b>A</b>	-1 4		Positive
Descenter		Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts	(	Negative)
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes	\$	5 015 400	¢	5 0 1 5 400	¢	6 125 762	ø	220.262
Other taxes and licenses	Ф	5,915,400 700	\$	5,915,400 700	\$	6,135,763 935	\$	220,363 235
Unrestricted intergovernmental		5,242,300		5,564,300		933 7,065,757		233 1,501,457
Restricted intergovernmental		5,242,300		660,300		887,101		226,801
Permits and fees		294,000		294,000		603,642		309,642
Sales and services		788,600		788,600		928,697		140,097
Investment earnings		27,000		27,000		11,884		(15,116)
Other revenues		475,000		475,000		515,478		40,478
Total revenues		13,300,700		13,725,300		16,149,257		2,423,957
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		2,427,500		2,678,800		2,608,132		70,668
Public safety		6,968,600		7,366,000		7,193,980		172,020
Transportation		1,831,200		1,641,200		1,362,403		278,797
Environmental protection		1,234,400		1,278,900		1,251,464		27,436
Cultural and recreation		2,309,000		2,230,400		2,125,686		104,714
Total expenditures		14,770,700		15,195,300		14,541,665		653,635
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,470,000)		(1,470,000)		1,607,592		3,077,592
Other financing sources (uses):								
Appropriated fund balance								
General Fund		1,470,000		1,470,000		-		(1,470,000)
Transfers (to) from other funds		-		-		(200,000)		(200,000)
Letter of credit funds		-		-				-
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,470,000		1,470,000		(200,000)		(1,670,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$			1,407,592	\$	1,407,592
Fund balances, beginning of year						12,219,643		
Fund balances, end of year					\$	13,627,235		

#### City of Graham, North Carolina Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

June 30, 20		
ASSETS	Water and Sewer Fund	Internal Service Fund
Current assets:	Sewer Fund	Internal Service Fund
Cash and cash equivalents	8,376,315	\$ 21,393
Accounts receivable (net)	1,753,917	35,552
Lease receivable	35,119	
Due from other governments	3,052,737	
Prepaid expenses	5,052,757	62,343
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	- 925,501	02,545
Total current assets	14,143,589	119,288
Noncurrent assets:	14,145,589	117,200
Lease receivable - non-current	76 161	
	76,161	-
Notes receivable	3,211,310	-
Capital assets:		0.500
Land and other non-depreciable assets	9,565,954	9,500
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	37,703,890	36,842
Capital assets (net)	47,269,844	46,342
Total noncurrent assets	50,557,315	46,342
Total assets	64,700,904	165,630
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Contributions to pension plan	487,351	46,298
OPEB deferrals	613,607	46,128
Deferred charge on refunding		-
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,100,958	92,426
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	219,522	8,740
Accrued interest	34,256	-
Customer deposits	135,725	-
Current portion of long term debts	552,465	-
Total current liabilities	941,968	8,740
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Other noncurrent liabilities:		
Other postemployment benefits	3,695,770	205,589
Compensated absences	178,406	23,411
Net pension liability	310,151	31,163
Non-current portion of long term debt	4,623,892	
Total noncurrent liabilities	8,808,219	260,163
Total liabilities	9,750,187	268,903
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
	111,264	
Leases Pension deferrals	511,834	48,186
OPEB deferrals	461,448	36,760
	1,084,546	84,946
Total deferred inflows of resources NET POSITION	1,084,340	84,940
Net investment in capital assets	42,311,172	46,342
Restricted for:		
Capital Reserve Funds	789,776	-
Unrestricted	11,866,181	(142,135)
Total net position	54,967,129	\$ (95,793)
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service		<u> </u>
fund activities related to enterprise funds	5,655	
Net position of business- type activities	\$ 54,972,784	
· · · · · ·		

#### City of Graham, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES	G REVENUES Water and Sewer Fund	
Charges for services	\$ 7,695,045	\$ 927,946
Other operating revenues	625,535	2,350
Total operating revenues	8,320,580	930,296
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Billing and metering	638,470	-
Distribution and maintenance	1,299,404	-
Sewer mains	259,004	-
Water treatment plant	2,014,317	-
Sewer treatment plant	1,900,990	-
Non-departmental	399,320	-
Depreciation and amortization	1,086,096	5,109
Garage operations		995,593
Total operating expenses	7,597,601	1,000,702
Operating income	722,979	(70,406)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Development income	723,738	
Interest earned on investment	15,063	46
Interest on long-term debt	(74,932)	-
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	663,869	46
Income before contributions, special item and transfers	1,386,848	(70,360)
Capital contributions	1,921,809	-
Gain (loss) on disposition	7,512	-
Transfers to / from other funds	<u> </u>	
Contributions, special item and transfers	1,929,321	
Change in net position before internal service fund consolidation	3,316,169	(70,360)
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund		
activities related to enterprise funds.	(2,991)	
Change in net position	3,313,178	(70,360)
Total net position - beginning	51,659,606	(25,433)
Total net position - ending	\$ 54,972,784	\$ (95,793)

#### City of Graham, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

-	V	Vater and Sewer Fund		Internal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$	7,046,382	\$	911,764
Cash paid for goods and services		(4,693,694)		(897,574)
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services		(1,758,443)		(126,689)
Customer deposits received		52,183		-
Customer deposits returned		(15,781)		-
Other operating revenue received		625,535		2,350
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		1,256,182		(110,149)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(4,103,265)		(6,100)
Payments received on notes receivable		327,403		-
Principal paid on bonds and notes payable		(474,341)		-
Loan proceeds		27,630		-
Interest paid on bonds and notes payable		(78,741)		-
Other non-operating revenue		731,234		-
Operating transfer from General Fund		-		-
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(3,570,080)		(6,100)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest on investments and assessments		29,214		48
Net cash provided by investing activities		29,214		48
Net decrease in each and each equivalents		(2 284 684)		(116.201)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Balances-beginning of the year		(2,284,684) 11,586,501		(116,201) 137,594
Balances-end of the year	\$	9,301,817	\$	21,393
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#### City of Graham, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	V	Vater and Sewer Fund	-	Internal Service Fund
Reconciliation of operating gain (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss)	\$	722,979	\$	(70,406)
Adjustments to reconcile operating gain (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation		1,086,096		5,109
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Increase in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts		(667,882) 19,219		(16,182)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		-		(25,350)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		(57,106)		(5,439)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - refunding		-		-
(Increase) in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		9,980		963
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		16,095		(7,426)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		36,403		-
Increase in accrued salaries		13,969		681
Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay		(30)		2,500
Increase (decrease) in pension liability		(487,822)		(46,462)
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability		(122,442)		(8,709)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		486,455		14,248
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		200,268		46,324
Total adjustments		533,203		(39,743)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,256,182	\$	(110,149)

# City of Graham, North Carolina Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

### I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accounting policies of the City of Graham conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

### A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The City is a municipal corporation, which is governed by a five-member council, including the elected mayor. The City is located in the central part of Alamance County. As required by generally accepted accounting principles these financial statements present the primary government (i.e. City) and any component units. Component units are defined as legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the City are financially accountable. The City of Graham has no component units as defined above.

### B. Basis of Presentation

*Government-wide Statements*: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

*Fund Financial Statements*: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental and proprietary* – are presented. The City of Graham has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund.** The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety and general government.

American Rescue Plan Fund. This fund accounts for the transactions related to the American Rescue Plan Funds.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Graham Memorial Park Fund. This fund is used to account for cemetery funds that are restricted for use for a particular purpose.

Truby Drive Repairs Fund. This fund is used to account for repairs on Truby drive.

The City reports the following major enterprise fund:

**Water and Sewer Fund**. This fund is used to account for the City's water and sewer operations. One Special Revenue Fund, One Water and Sewer Capital Reserve Fund and three Capital Project Funds have been consolidated into the Water and Sewer Fund for financial reporting purposes. The budgetary comparison for the Water and Sewer Special Revenue Fund, Capital Reserve Fund and the Capital Project Funds have been included in the supplemental information.

The City reports the following fund type:

**Internal Service Fund.** – The garage fund is used to account for the accumulation and allocation of cost associated with the City's garage.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the City are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the City of Graham because the tax is levied by Alamance County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant revenues.

#### D. Budgetary Data

The City's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscalyear end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Capital Project Funds. The enterprise fund projects are consolidated with their respective operating fund for reporting purposes. The City's Garage Fund, an internal service fund, operates under a financial plan that was adopted by the governing board at the time

the City's budget ordinance was approved, as is required by the General Statutes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted. The Graham Memorial Park Fund prepares a budget when incurring expenditures.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

### 1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the City are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The City may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the City may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The City's investments are generally reported at fair value. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market fund, is measured at fair value. Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

### 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

#### 3. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

The letter of credit funds are restricted due to the possibility these finds could be paid back to developers. The unexpended bond proceeds of Water and Sewer Fund bonds issued by the City are classified as restricted assets for the enterprise fund because their use is completely restricted to fund water related projects as designated by the board. Funds have also been restricted by the City Council for capital improvements. Customer deposits held by the City before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected.

City of Graham Restricted Cash		
General Fund	Letter of Credit	\$ 13,575
	Unexpended restricted revenue	203,053
Special Revenue Fund	Unexpended ARP funds	 2,493,170
	Total Governmental Activities	 2,709,798
Water and Sewer Fund	Customer deposits	135,725
	Unexpended capital reserve revenue	789,776
	Total Business-Type activities	 925,501
	Total Restricted Cash	\$ 3,635,299

### 4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the City levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2021.

### 5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

### 6. Lease Receivable

The City's lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. Under the lease agreement, the City may will receive lease payments that are recorded as an inflow of resources in the period the payment is received.

A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the lease. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

#### 7. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the City's enterprise fund consist of expendable materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of these inventories is expensed when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

#### 8. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Minimum capitalization cost are as follows: Buildings and improvements, \$20,000; infrastructure, \$100,000; equipment, \$5,000. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Infrastructure	50
Buildings	50
Improvements	25
Vehicles	10
Furniture and equipment	10
Computer software	5
Computer equipment	3
Substations, lines and related equipment	50

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

### 9. Right to use asset

The City has recorded right to use assets as a result of implementing GASB 87. The right to use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight -line basis over the life of the related lease.

### 10. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The City has several items that meet this criterion, pension and Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) deferrals for the 2022 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The City has several items that meet the criterion for this category- prepaid taxes, unearned revenue, OPEB and pension deferrals.

#### 11. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 12. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the City provides for paid vacation to full-time classified employees according to their length of service. The calendar year is the vacation year and all vacation days shall be taken within the year earned, unless specific approval is obtained from the City Manager. Employees at June 30 are entitled to full vacation pay for the year, except that they forfeit accrued vacation pay if they fail to give prior notice of intention to resign. For the City's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The City's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the City has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

#### 13. <u>Net Position/Fund Balances</u>

#### Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

#### **Fund Balances**

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of four classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Perpetual maintenance – Cemetery resources that are required to be retained in perpetuity for maintenance of the City of Graham Cemetery.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred

revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that the City of Graham intends to use for specific purposes.

Assigned for General Government Improvements – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the Council for the Capital Project's Funds.

Subsequent year's expenditures - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The City of Graham has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund which instructs management to conduct business of the City in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 30% of budgeted expenditures.

## 14. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City of Graham's employer contributions are recognized when due and the City of Graham has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the net pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund (FRSWPF) and additions to/deductions from FRSWPF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FRSWPF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 15. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## II. Detail Notes on All Funds

#### A. Assets

## 1. Deposits

All the deposits of the City are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the City's agents in the City's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the City, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City, or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the City under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collaterization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The City complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2022, the City's deposits had a carrying amount of \$21,693,299 and a bank balance of \$23,549,210. Of the bank balance, \$1,250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2022, the City's petty cash fund totaled \$2,175.

#### 2. Investments

At June 30, 2022, the City of Graham had \$5,223,639 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The City has no policy regarding credit risk but has internal management procedures that limits the City's investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. The City also does not have a formal investment policy.

3. Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2022, are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

Funds	2022
General Fund: taxes receivable	\$ 38,958
Water and Sewer fund: accounts receivable	297,028
Total	\$ 335,986

#### 4. Lease Receivable

In prior years, the City entered into a five year renewable lease with a mobile phone company. Under the lease, the mobile phone company pays the City rent in the amount of \$3,133 per month in exchange for antenna space on the City's water tower. The lease receivable is measured as the present value of the future minimum rent payments expected to be received during the lease term at a discount rate of 2.6%, which is the City's incremental borrowing rate.

In fiscal year 2022, the City recognized \$34,235 of lease revenue and \$3,377 of interest revenue under the leases.

#### 5. Capital Assets

#### **Primary Government**

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	I	Beginning				Ending
Capital assets not being depreciated:		Balances	Inc	creases	Decreases	 Balances
Land	\$	2,956,005	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,956,005
Art collection		62,100		-	-	62,100
Construction in progress		-		-	-	-
Total capital assets not being depreciated		3,018,105		-	 -	3,018,105
Capital assets not being depreciated:					-	
Buildings		3,434,958		-	-	3,434,958
Other improvements		6,667,288		9,555	-	6,676,843
Vehicles and motorized equipment		7,379,803		703,061	79,819	8,003,045
Infrastructure		8,678,105		225,960	-	8,904,065
Equipment and furniture		4,825,421		292,000	12,257	5,105,164
Total capital assets being depreciated		30,985,575	1,	,230,576	92,076	32,124,075
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		1,778,023		54,679	-	1,832,702
Other improvements		3,005,787		218,111	-	3,223,898
Vehicles and motorized equipment		5,334,921		-	71,836	5,263,085
Infrastructure		1,460,063		158,331	-	1,618,394
Equipment and furniture		3,314,280		461,039	11,032	3,764,287
Total accumulated depreciation		14,893,074		892,160	82,868	15,702,366
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		16,092,501				16,421,709
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	19,110,606				\$ 19,439,814

Depreciation expense was charged to	o funo	ctions/prog	grams of the	e primar	y gov	vernme	ent as follows:
By Function							
Buildings					\$	53,415	
Improvements						213,935	
Infrastructure						158,331	
By Department							
General Government						14,530	)
Public Safety						188,848	
Transportation						79,766	i
Environmental Protection						88,243	
Cultural and Recreation						78,162	
Depreciation on capital ass	sets he	eld in the Cit	v's internal			,	
service fund and charged							
Garage						5,109	ı
Graham Memorial Park						11,821	
Total depreciation expense					\$	892,160	
							=
Business-type activities:	В	eginning					Ending
Water and Sewer Fund	E	Balances	Increases	Decre	ases		Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	1,281,547	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,281,547
Construction in progress							
	•	4,525,710	3,758,697	·	-		8,284,407
Total capital assets not being depreciated	·	4,525,710 5,807,257	3,758,697 3,758,697		-		8,284,407 9,565,954
Capital assets being depreciated:		5,807,257			-		9,565,954
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings		5,807,257 17,696,444			-		9,565,954 17,696,444
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Lines		5,807,257 17,696,444 23,463,499	3,758,697 - -		-		9,565,954 17,696,444 23,463,499
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Lines Other improvements		5,807,257 17,696,444 23,463,499 17,002,817	3,758,697 - - 88,758		- - -		9,565,954 17,696,444 23,463,499 17,091,575
<b>Capital assets being depreciated:</b> Buildings Lines Other improvements Equipment and furniture		5,807,257 17,696,444 23,463,499 17,002,817 3,416,233	3,758,697 - - - 88,758 625,429		- - - 10,99		9,565,954 17,696,444 23,463,499 17,091,575 4,030,672
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Lines Other improvements Equipment and furniture Total capital assets being depreciated		5,807,257 17,696,444 23,463,499 17,002,817	3,758,697 - - 88,758		- - -		9,565,954 17,696,444 23,463,499 17,091,575
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Lines Other improvements Equipment and furniture Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:		5,807,257 17,696,444 23,463,499 17,002,817 3,416,233 61,578,993	3,758,697 - - 88,758 625,429 714,187		- - - 10,99		9,565,954 17,696,444 23,463,499 17,091,575 4,030,672 62,282,190
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Lines Other improvements Equipment and furniture Total capital assets being depreciated		5,807,257 17,696,444 23,463,499 17,002,817 3,416,233 61,578,993 7,953,313	3,758,697 - - - 88,758 625,429 714,187 235,202		- - - 10,99		9,565,954 17,696,444 23,463,499 17,091,575 4,030,672 62,282,190 8,188,515
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Lines Other improvements Equipment and furniture Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings		5,807,257 17,696,444 23,463,499 17,002,817 3,416,233 61,578,993	3,758,697 - - 88,758 625,429 714,187		- - - 10,99		9,565,954 17,696,444 23,463,499 17,091,575 4,030,672 62,282,190
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Lines Other improvements Equipment and furniture Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Lines		5,807,257 17,696,444 23,463,499 17,002,817 3,416,233 61,578,993 7,953,313 8,771,399	3,758,697 - - 88,758 625,429 714,187 235,202 355,431		- - - 10,99	0	9,565,954 17,696,444 23,463,499 17,091,575 4,030,672 62,282,190 8,188,515 9,126,830
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Lines Other improvements Equipment and furniture Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Lines Other improvements		5,807,257 17,696,444 23,463,499 17,002,817 3,416,233 61,578,993 7,953,313 8,771,399 5,033,326	3,758,697 - - 88,758 625,429 714,187 235,202 355,431 308,777		- - 10,99 10,99	90	9,565,954 17,696,444 23,463,499 17,091,575 4,030,672 62,282,190 8,188,515 9,126,830 5,342,103
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Lines Other improvements Equipment and furniture Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Lines Other improvements Equipment and furniture		5,807,257 17,696,444 23,463,499 17,002,817 3,416,233 61,578,993 7,953,313 8,771,399 5,033,326 1,745,156	3,758,697 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - 10,99 10,99 - - - 10,99	90	9,565,954 17,696,444 23,463,499 17,091,575 4,030,672 62,282,190 8,188,515 9,126,830 5,342,103 1,920,852

# s:

# **Construction commitments**

The government has active construction projects as of June 30, 2022. At year-end, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project		,	Remain	ing Commitment
Boyd Creek Pump Station	\$	3,501,204	\$	460,796
Old Fields Outfall		2,060,441		894,559
		2,722,762		1,092,238
	\$	8,284,407	\$	2,447,593
	ф 		Ψ	

#### 6. Right to Use Leased Asset

The City has recorded one right to use leased asset. The assets are a right to use asset for lease equipment. The related leases are discussed in the Leases subsection of the Liabilities section of this note. The right to use lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases.

Right to use asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2022 was an increase of \$19,931 less amortization of \$4,983 for an ending balance of \$14,948.

#### B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

*Plan Description.* The City of Graham is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

*Benefits Provided.* LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

*Contributions*. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. City of Graham employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The City of Graham's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022, was 12.04% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 11.35% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the City of Graham were \$866,431 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

*Refunds of Contributions* – City employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$1,558,134 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At the June 30, 2021 measurement date, the City's proportion was 0.10160%, which was a decrease of 0.00701% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$587,982. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 eferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	495,698	\$ -
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		978,906	-
pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between City		-	2,226,105
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-	196,504
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		866,431	 -
Total	\$	2,341,035	\$ 2,422,609

\$866,431 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ 60,713
2024	(113,146)
2025	(214,370)
2026	(681,202)
2027	-
Thereafter	 -
	\$ (948,005)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases	3.25 to 8.25 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	6.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields

across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Fixed Income	26.7%
Public Equity	36.8%
Cash and receivables	10.9%
Other	25.6%
Total	100.0%

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2020 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 2.5%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

*Discount rate*. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50 percent) or one percentage point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	1% Decrease (5.50%)		Discount Rate (6.50%)		% Increase (7.50%)
City's proportionate share of the pension liability (asset)	\$	6,048,545	\$	1,558,134	\$	(2,137,214)

*Pension plan fiduciary net position*. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

## b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

#### 1. Plan Description.

The City of Graham administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the City's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full time law enforcement officers of the City are covered by the Separation Allowance.

At December 31, 2020, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	3
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	39
Total	42

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

*Basis of Accounting.* The City has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statements 73.

#### 3. Actuarial Assumptions:

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2020 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation2.5 percentSalary increases3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factorInvestment rate of return2.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2020.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Mortality tables projected to the valuation data using MP-2015.

#### 3. Contributions.

The City is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The City paid \$54,302 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a total pension liability of \$1,898,894. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021 based on a December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2021 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$232,846.

	<b>Deferred Outflows</b>		<b>Deferred Inflows</b>	
	of Resources		of R	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	186,414	\$	28,150
Change in assumptions		392,126		74,203
Benefit payment and plan administrative expenses made				
subsequent to the measurement date		27,151		-
Total	\$	605,691	\$	102,353

\$27,151 paid as benefits came due and \$0 of administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date have been reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ 99,073
2024	101,097
2025	93,295
2026	89,211
2027	78,786
Thereafter	 14,725
	\$ 476,187

Sensitivity of the City's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following represents the City's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.25 percent, as well as the City's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Ι	Discount Rate	1	% Increase
	(	1.25%)		(2.25%)		(3.25%)
Total pension liability	\$	2,085,790	\$	1,898,894	\$	1,728,440

#### Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

		2022
Beginning balance	\$	1,703,124
Service Cost		101,427
Interest on the total pension liability		32,346
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of th	e	
total pension liability		174,277
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(57,978)
Benefit payments		(54,302)
Other changes		-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	1,898,894

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five year period ending December 31, 2020.

## Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	 Total
Pension Expense	\$ 587,982	\$ 232,846	\$ 820,828
Pension Liability	1,558,134	1,898,894	3,457,028
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.10160%	n/a	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	495,698	186,414	682,112
Changes of assumptions	978,906	392,126	1,371,032
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on plan investments	-	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	-	-	-
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid subsequent			
to the measurement date	866,431	27,151	893,582
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	28,150	28,150
Changes of assumptions	-	74,203	74,203
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
plan investments	2,226,105	-	2,226,105
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	196,504	-	196,504

## c. <u>Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers</u>

*Plan Description.* The City contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the City. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

*Funding Policy*. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The City made contributions of \$117,466 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

## d. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Non-Law Enforcement Officers

*Plan Description.* The City contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan, (Plan) a defined contribution pension plan administered by a local financial institution. The Plan provides retirement benefits to non-law enforcement officers employed by the City.

*Funding Policy*. The City contributes an amount equal to five percent of each employee's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the June 30, 2022 were \$479,015 which consisted of \$230,251 from the City and \$248,764 from the employees.

## e. Firefighter's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund

*Plan Description.* The State of North Carolina contributes, on behalf of the City of Graham, to the Firefighter's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund (FRSWPF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation administered by the State of North Carolina. FRSWPF provides pension benefits for eligible fire and rescue squad workers who have elected to become members of the fund. Article 86 of G.S. Chapter 58 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Firefighter's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Firefighter's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

*Benefits Provided.* FRSWPF provides retirement and survivor benefits. The present retirement benefit is \$170 per month. Plan members are eligible to receive the monthly benefit at age 55 with 20 years of creditable service as a firefighter or rescue squad worker, and have terminated duties as a firefighter or rescue squad worker. Eligible beneficiaries of members who die before beginning to receive the benefit will receive the amount paid by the member and contributions paid on the member's behalf into the plan. Eligible beneficiaries of members who die after beginning to receive benefits will be paid the amount the member contributed minus the benefits collected.

*Contributions*. Plan members are required to contribute \$10 per month to the plan. The State, a nonemployer contributor, funds the plan through appropriations. The City of Graham funds the plan members required contribution of \$10 per month to the Fund. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 58-86 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, the State contributed \$18,302,000 to the plan. The City of Graham's proportionate share of the State's contribution is \$(15,623).

*Refunds of Contributions* – Plan members who are no longer eligible or choose not to participate in the plan may file an application for a refund of their contributions. Refunds include the member's contributions and contributions paid by others on the member's behalf. No interest will be paid on the amount of the refund. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by FRSWPF.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the City reported no liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, as the State provides 100% pension support to the City through its appropriations to the FRSWPF. The total portion of the net pension asset that was associated with the City and supported by the State was \$15,623. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The total pension asset was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers. As the City is not projected to make any future contributions to the plan, its proportionate share at June 30, 2022 and at June 30, 2021 was 0%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,721 and revenue of \$1,721, for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2022 the City reported no deferred outflows of resources and no deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	Not applicable
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

For more information regarding actuarial assumptions, including mortality tables, the actuarial experience study, the consideration of future ad hoc COLA amounts, the development of the projected long-term investment returns, and the asset allocation policy, refer to the discussion of actuarial assumptions for the LGERS plan in Section a. of this note.

*Discount rate*. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

*Pension plan fiduciary net position*. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

## f. Other Post-employment Benefits

#### Healthcare Benefits

*Plan Description.* Under the terms of a City resolution, the City administers a single-employers defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). The City Board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

*Benefits Provided.* As of June 30, 2003 the plan provides post-employment health care benefits to retirees of the City, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least fifteen years of creditable service with the City. Prior to June 30, 2003, employees qualified for similar level benefits after at least ten years of creditable service with the City. Health care and prescription drug coverage are provided by the City's health plan. The City pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2021, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

	General Employees	Law Enforcement Officers
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	51	3
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	_	-
Active plan members	<u>65</u>	<u>39</u>
Total	<u>116</u>	<u>42</u>

#### Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$15,761,719 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Real wage growth	0.75 percent
Wage inflation	3.25 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	1
General Employees	3.25 - 8.41 percent
Firefighters	3.25 - 8.15 percent
Law Enforcement Officers	3.25 - 7.90 percent
Discount rate	2.16 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Pre-Medicare - 7.00 percent for 2021 de	creasing to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent by 2031
Medicare - 5.125 percent for 2021 decre	asing to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent by 2024

The discount rate is based on the June average of the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer.

#### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at July 1, 2020	\$ 16,335,272
Changes for the year	
Service Cost	438,718
Interest	366,595
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,673,372)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	668,499
Benefit payments	 (373,993)
Net Changes	 (573,553)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 15,761,719

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.21% to 2.16%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvement using Scale MP-2015.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 2010 through December 2014.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.16 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase
		(1.16%)		(2.16%)		(3.16%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	18,903,881	\$	15,761,719	\$	13,326,732

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	6 Decrease	 Current	1	% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$	13,187,509	\$ 15,761,719	\$	19,124,080

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$824,623. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Defe	erred Inflows of
	R	lesources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	10,888	\$	1,540,322
Changes of assumptions		2,698,956		657,799
Benefit payments and administrative costs made				
subsequent to the measurement date		320,591		-
	\$	3,030,435	\$	2,198,121

\$320,591 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expenses as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ 19,310
2024	53,594
2025	257,714
2026	181,105
2027	-
Thereafter	-

\$ 511,723

#### 2. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The City has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources is comprised of the following:

Source		
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	\$	866,431
Benefit payments made and administrative expenses for LEOSSA made subsequent t	0	
measurement date		27,151
Benefit made and administrative expenses for OPEB made subsequent to measurement	nt	
date		320,591
Differences between expected and actual experience		693,000
Changes of assumptions		4,069,986
Net difference between projected and actual		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and		
proportionate share of contributions		-
Charge on refunding		-
Total	\$	5,977,159

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is composed of the following:

	 ement of Net Position	Genera	l Fund Balance Sheet
Prepaid taxes (General Fund)	\$ 4,787	\$	4,787
Taxes receivable, less penalties (General Fund)	-		229,400
Unearned revenue	203,053		203,053
Leases	111,264		-
Changes in assumptions	732,002		-
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer	3,794,575		-
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	196,504		-
Total	\$ 5,042,185	\$	437,240

## 3. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in a self-funded risk-financing pool administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through this pool, the City has property and liability coverage. General liability, law enforcement liability and public officials liability coverage is limited to \$1,000,000 per occurrence; public employee scheduled bond is limited to \$1,000,000, automobile liability coverage is limited to \$1,000,000 per occurrence. Real and personal property coverage is limited to \$76,221,257 and boiler and machinery coverage is limited to \$5,000,000.

The City carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City has not been designated as being in a flood zone and thus carries no commercial flood insurance.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, The City's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the City's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer and tax collector are each individually bonded for \$50,000 each. The City Manager and the remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$25,000.

## 4. Claims, Judgments, and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2022, the City was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the City's management and the City attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position.

## 5. Long-Term Obligations

# a. Leases

The City has entered into an agreement to lease certain equipment. The lease agreement qualifies as other than short-term under GASB 87 and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

The agreement was executed on October 14, 2020, to lease computer equipment and required five payments of \$5,516.64. There are no variable components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 7.2%, which is the stated rate in the lease agreement. As a result of the lease, the City has recorded as a right to use asset with a net book value of \$14,948 at June 30, 2022. The right to use asset is discussed in more detail in the intangibles section A.6 of this note.

#### b. Installment Purchase

In June, 2010, the City entered into a Water Pollution Control Revolving loan agreement for Sewer improvements. The contract requires principal payments of \$19,795 annually on the indebtedness beginning May 1, 2011. The interest rate as established under this program is zero percent. The original amount of the loan was \$395,896, with an outstanding balance of \$158,359.

In November, 2010, the City entered into a Water Pollution Control Revolving loan agreement for Water improvements. The contract requires principal payments of \$3,672 annually on the indebtedness beginning May 1, 2012. The interest rate as established under this program is zero percent. The original amount of the loan was \$73,430, with an outstanding balance of \$33,039.

On May 19, 2014, the City entered into a direct placement contract to finance the water treatment plant improvements and Project Swordfish Capital Project. The property is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The financing contract requires principal payments in varying amounts beginning in the fiscal year 2015 with an interest rate of 2.60 percent. The original amount of the loan was \$5,925,000, with an outstanding balance of \$2,869,000.

On May 14, 2021, the City entered into a Water Pollution Control Revolving loan agreement for Sewer improvements. The contract requires principal payments of \$131,875 annually on the indebtedness beginning May 1, 2022. The interest rate as established under this program is zero percent. The total amount of the loan will be \$2,637,500, with a current outstanding balance of \$2,505,625.

# c. General Obligation Indebtedness

There were no bonds payable at June 30, 2022.

Annual debt service payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2022, including \$388,284 of interest, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	0	Gen bligatio	 onds	Oth	er Long-Tern	n Ind	lebtedness	Total Debt Due						
	Principal Interest		Principal			Interest	Principal			Interest				
2023	\$	-	\$ -	\$	481,341	\$	70,356	\$	481,341	\$	70,356			
2024		-	-		491,341		61,750		491,341		61,750			
2025		-	-		500,341		52,897		500,341		52,897			
2026		-	-		508,341		43,823		508,341		43,823			
2027		-	-		518,341		79,729		518,341		79,729			
2028-2032		-	-		1,879,443		79,729		1,879,443		79,729			
2033-		-	-	726,079				726,079			-			
	\$	-	\$ -	\$	5,105,227	\$	388,284	\$	5,105,227	\$	388,284			

# d. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Compensated absences and the other postemployment benefits for governmental activities have typically been liquidated in the General Fund.

	J	Balance uly 1, 2021	In	creases	 Decreases	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2022	Current Portion of Balance		
Governmental activities:										
Compensated absences	\$	769,755	\$	296,545	\$ 215,320	\$	850,980	\$	215,320	
Leaseliability		-		19,931	5,517		14,414		14,414	
Total OPEB liability		12,517,060		-	451,112		12,065,948		-	
Net pension liability (LGERS)		3,083,125		-	1,835,142		1,247,983		-	
Total pension liability (LEO)		1,703,124		195,770	-		1,898,894		-	
Governmental activity			M 1. d							
long-term liabilities	\$	18,073,064	\$	512,246	\$ 2,507,091	\$	16,078,219	\$	229,734	
Business-type activities:										
Direct placement Installment										
purchase	\$	5,551,943	\$	27,630	474,341	\$	5,105,232		481,339	
General obligation bonds		_		-	-		-		_	
Net pension liability (LGERS)		797,973		-	487,822		310,151		-	
Total OPEB liability		3,818,212		-	122,442		3,695,770		-	
Compensated absences		249,561		71,096	71,126		249,531		71,126	
Business-type activity						_				
Long-term liabilities	\$	10,417,689	\$	98,726	\$ 1,155,731		9,360,684	\$	552,465	

At June 30, 2022, the City of Graham had a legal debt margin of \$104,679,397.

## C. Interfund Balances and Activity

There are no amounts due to or from the City's different funds as of June 30, 2022.

Transfers to / from other funds at June 30, 2022, consist of the following:

From the General Fund to the Truby Drive Repair Capital Project	\$ 200,000
From the Water and Sewer Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund	252,763
From the Water and Sewer Fund to the Capital Project Fund	536,703
From the Capital Reserve Fund to the Old Fields Outfall Capital Project	732,237
	\$ 1,721,703

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as matching funds for various grant programs.

During the 2022 fiscal year, the City made a transfer from the General Fund of \$200,000 to the Truby Drive Repair Capital Project Fund to start the project.

During the 2022 fiscal year, the City made a transfer from the Water and Sewer Fund of \$252,763 to the Capital Reserve Fund as required by General Statute.

During the 2022 fiscal year, the City made a transfer from the Water and Sewer Fund of \$536,703 to the Old Fields Outfall Capital Project Fund for construction costs.

During the 2022 fiscal year, the City made a transfer from the Capital Reserve Fund of \$732,237 to the Old Fields Outfall Capital Project Fund for professional services and construction costs.

#### D. On-Behalf Payments for Fringe Benefits and Salaries

The City has recognized as a revenue and an expenditure on-behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries of \$17,700, for the salary supplement and stipend benefits paid to eligible firemen by the local board of trustees of the Firemen's Relief Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Under State law the local board of trustees for the Fund receives an amount each year which the board may use at its own discretion for eligible firemen or their departments.

#### E. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	Go	vernmental	Bu	siness-type
Capital assets	\$	19,439,814	\$	47,269,844
less: long-term debt		-		(4,958,672)
add: unexpended debt proceeds		-		-
	\$	\$ 19,439,814		42,311,172

# F. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 13,627,235
Less: Stabilization by State Statute	(2,345,776)
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2021 Budget	(1,197,900)
Working Capital / Fund Balance Policy	(4,906,980)
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 5,176,579

The City of Graham has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the City in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 30% of budgeted expenditures.

The were no outstanding encumbrances needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end.

# III. Jointly Governed Organization

The City, in conjunction with twelve counties and sixty other municipalities, established the Piedmont Triad Regional Council (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member, and one alternate if they so desire, to the Council's governing board. The City paid membership fees of \$3,269 and \$7,814 respectively, to the Council during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

# IV. Joint Ventures

The City, in conjunction with the Cities of Burlington and Mebane, participates in the Alamance Municipal ABC Board. Each participating government appoints board members. The ABC Board is a joint venture established to facilitate control over alcoholic beverages within the Cities. The ABC Board has been in existence for over 40 years and is self-sustaining. The City has an ongoing financial responsibility for the ABC Board because it and the Cities of Burlington and Mebane are legally obligated under the intergovernmental agreement that created the ABC Board to honor any deficiencies in the event that proceeds from other default remedies are insufficient. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2022. Complete financial statements for the ABC Board can be obtained from the administrative offices at 603 W. Harden Street, Graham, North Carolina, 27253.

The City and the members of the City's fire department each appoint two members to the five-member local board of trustees for the Firemen's Relief Fund. The State Insurance Commissioner appoints one additional member to the local board of trustees. The Firemen's Relief Fund is funded by a portion of the fire and lightning insurance premiums which insurers remit to the State. The State passes these moneys to the local board of the Firemen's Relief Fund. The funds are used to assist firefighters in

various ways. The City obtains an ongoing financial benefit from the Fund for the on-behalf of payments for salaries and fringe benefits made to members of the City's fire department by the board of trustees. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City reported revenues and expenditures for the payments of \$17,700 made through the Firemen's Relief Fund. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2022. The Firemen's Relief Fund does not issue separate audited financial statements. Instead, the local board of trustees files an annual financial report with the State Firemen's Association. This report can be obtained from the Association at 323 West Jones Street, Suite 401, Raleigh, North Carolina 27603.

# V. <u>Related Organization</u>

The five-member board of the City of Graham Housing Authority is appointed by the City Council of the City of Graham. The City is accountable for the Housing Authority because it appoints the governing board; however, the City is not financially accountable for the Housing Authority. The City of Graham is also disclosed as a related organization in the notes to the financial statements for the Graham Housing Authority. Complete financial statements for the Housing Authority can be obtained from the Authority's offices at 109 East Hill Street, Graham, North Carolina 27253.

## VI. Joint Operation

The City of Graham and the City of Mebane are co-owners and operators of a water supply reservoir and water treatment plant per an Intergovernmental Watershed Agreement. Since June 22, 1973, the ownership of the assets and improvements of the joint undertaking remained at 66.7% interest for the City of Graham and 33.3% interest for the City of Mebane. Due to relative growths of the populations in units of government, the parties agreed as of February 3, 2014 to adjust the capacity, treatment and operational costs, improvements, upgrades, and repairs to be borne equally by the units. At this time, the City of Mebane also agreed to pay to the City of Graham an equalizing sum of \$2,548,070 for their capital interest. The amount is to be paid in twenty annual installments of \$127,403 with the first payment due July 31, 2014. No interest is included in the agreement. The balance of the receivable as of June 30, 2022 was \$1,528,846.

## VII. Interlocal Cooperation Agreement

The City of Graham and the City of Mebane entered into an interlocal cooperation agreement for the allocation of Twenty One and Forty Three One Hundredths percent (21.43%) of capacity usage of the City of Graham's wastewater treatment plant. The cost of agreed upon improvements or upgrades to the wastewater treatment plant and the Cherry Lane pump station will be shared by the City of Graham and the City of Mebane based on percentage of capacity usage, as noted above. The duration for the continuation of the agreement is 99 years. The City of Mebane has agreed to pay the City of Graham \$2,682,464 for this capacity usage. The amount is to be paid in twenty annual installments of \$200,000 (payments 1-5), \$150,000 (payments 6-10), \$100,000 (payments 11-15), and \$86,493 (payments 16-20) with the first payment due July 10, 2017. No interest is included in the agreement. The balance of the payable as of June 30, 2022 was \$1,682,464.

# VIII. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

## Federal and State Assisted Programs

The City has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

## IX. Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

## Subsequent Events

In accordance with ASC 855, the City evaluated subsequent events through November 29, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Except as noted above, there were no material subsequent events that required recognition or additional disclosure in these financial statements.

#### City of Graham, North Carolina Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Nine Fiscal Years \*

#### Local Government Employees' Retirement System

		2022		2021	2021		2020		2019	
Graham's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)		0.10%		0.11%		0.11%		0.11%		0.11%
Graham's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$	1,558,134	\$	3,881,098	\$	3,025,315	\$	2,514,920	\$	1,679,121
Graham's covered-employee payroll	\$	7,143,725	\$	6,951,557	\$	6,712,152	\$	6,336,890	\$	6,087,820
Graham's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		21.81%		55.83%		45.07%		39.69%		27.58%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**		95.51%		92.60%	92.60%			94.18%		91.47%
		2017		2016		2015		2014		
Graham's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)		0.11%		0.11%		-0.11%		0.10%		
Graham's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$	2,289,787	\$	496,232	\$	(641,762)	\$	1,252,394		
Graham's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,910,245	\$	5,842,839	\$	5,419,403	\$	5,052,789		
Graham's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Ŧ	38.74%	·	8.49%		-11.84%	·	24.79%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**		98.09%		99.07%		102.64%		94.35%		

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

\*\* This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

#### City of Graham, North Carolina Schedule of Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Nine Fiscal Years

# Local Government Employees' Retirement System

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	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 736,524	\$ 637,437	\$ 532,416	\$ 462,401	\$ 452,142
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 743,996	645,554	535,383	 490,017	 452,142
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (7,472)	\$ (8,117)	\$ (2,967)	\$ (27,616)	\$ -
Graham's covered-employee payroll	7,810,803	7,143,725	6,951,557	6,712,152	6,336,890
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	9.53%	9.04%	7.70%	7.30%	7.14%
	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 394,126	\$ 395,212	\$ 399,955	\$ 386,609	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	394,126	 395,212	 399,955	 386,609	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	\$ _	
Graham's covered-employee payroll	6,087,820	5,910,245	5,842,839	5,419,403	
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	6.47%	6.69%	6.85%	7.13%	

#### City of Graham, North Carolina Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Required Supplementary Information Last Eight Fiscal Years \*

#### Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension

		2022	 2021	2020	 2019	2018
Graham's proportionate share of the net pension liability (%)		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Graham's proportionate share of the net pension liability (\$)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with City of Graham		(15,623)	 20,693	21,264	23,012	 21,716
Total	\$	(15,623)	\$ 20,693	\$ 21,264	\$ 23,012	\$ 21,716
Graham's covered-employee payroll	\$	766,296	\$ 638,026	\$ 602,227	\$ 548,192	\$ 549,785
Graham's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		-2.04%	3.24%	3.53%	4.20%	3.95%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		95.80%	92.30%	90.50%	89.35%	94.94%
* The amounts presented are for the prior f	iscal y	year.				
		2017	 2016	 2015		
Graham's proportionate share of the net pension liability (%)		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
Graham's proportionate share of the net pension liability (\$)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -		
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with City of Graham		14,435	26,974	21,417		
Total	\$	14,435	\$ 26,974	\$ 21,417		
Graham's covered-employee payroll	\$	499,649	\$ 495,512	\$ 480,564		
Graham's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		2.89%	5.44%	4.46%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		91.40%	93.42%	92.76%		

\* The amounts presented are for the prior fiscal year.

#### City of Graham Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Last Six Fiscal Years \*

		2022		2021	2020	2019	2018
Beginning balance	\$	1,703,124	\$	1,186,980	\$ 1,050,974	\$ 986,337	\$ 849,793
Service Cost		101,427		60,460	59,890	59,277	50,189
Interest on the total pension liability		32,346		38,126	37,522	30,865	32,553
Changes of benefit terms		-		-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual							
experience in the measurement of the total							
pension liability		174,277		(38,120)	35,355	44,821	(3,725)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(57,978)		490,637	43,523	(51,132)	70,408
Benefit payments		(54,302)		(34,959)	(40,284)	(19,194)	(12,881)
Other changes		_		-	 -	-	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	1,898,894	\$	1,703,124	\$ 1,186,980	\$ 1,050,974	\$ 986,337
	_						
<b></b>		2017					
Beginning balance	\$	806,147					
Service Cost		54,233					
Interest on the total pension liability		28,550					
Changes of benefit terms		-					
Differences between expected and actual							
experience in the measurement of the total		-					
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(26,256)					
Benefit payments		(12,881)					
Other changes		-					
Ending balance of the total pension liability		849,793	:				

\* The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

## City of Graham Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Last Six Fiscal Years

		2022		2021	2020	2019	2018
Total pension liability	\$	1,898,894	\$	1,703,124	\$ 1,186,980	\$ 1,050,974	\$ 986,337
Covered payroll		2,232,777		2,133,496	2,239,931	1,995,372	1,918,587
Total pension liability as a percentage of cover	1	85.05%		79.83%	52.99%	52.67%	51.41%
Notes to the schedules:							
The City of Graham has no assets acumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.							
		2017					
Total pension liability	\$	849,793	•				
Covered payroll		2,067,710					
Total pension liability as a percentage of cover	1	41.10%					
Notes to the schedules:							
The City of Graham has no assets acumulated							

The City of Graham has no assets acumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related

#### City of Graham, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Five Fiscal Years

Total OPEB Liability		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Service Cost Interest Changes of benefit terms	\$	438,718 366,595 -	\$	279,721 446,283 -	\$	353,985 470,819 -	\$	378,993 429,020 -	\$	435,666 385,062 -
Differences between expected and actual experience		(1,673,372)		(17,709)		(444,812)		7,864		28,616
Changes of assumptions Benefit payments		668,499 (373,993)		3,337,587 (360,622)		62,699 206,024		(733,993) (261,123)		(1,327,657) (265,857)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning		(573,553) 16,335,272		3,685,260 12,650,012		648,715 12,001,297		(179,239) 12,180,536		(744,170) 12,924,706
Total OPEB liability - ending	<u>\$</u>	15,761,719	<u>\$</u>	16,335,272	<u>\$</u>	12,650,012	<u>\$</u>	12,001,297	<u>\$</u>	12,180,536
Covered Payroll	\$	3,568,349	\$	3,831,598	\$	3,831,598	\$	4,540,717	\$	4,540,717
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll		441.71%		426.33%		330.15%		264.30%		268.25%

#### Notes to Schedule

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

<u>Fiscal year</u>	Rate
2022	2.16%
2021	2.21%
2020	3.50%
2019	3.89%
2018	3.56%

				2022				2021
						Variance Positive		
Revenues:		Budget		Actual		(Negative)		Actual
Ad valorem taxes	¢	5 260 200	¢	5 254 504	¢	04 204	¢	5 100 080
Current taxes Prior year taxes	\$	5,260,300 65,000	\$	5,354,594 33,612	\$	94,294 (31,388)	\$	5,199,089 83,256
Vehicle taxes		570,100		723,543		153,443		692,583
Tax cost and interest		20,000		24,014		4,014		24,333
Total		5,915,400		6,135,763		220,363		5,999,261
Other taxes and licenses								
Privilege license		700		935		235		753
-								
Total		700		935		235		753
Unrestricted intergovernmental								
Payment in lieu of taxes		33,000		37,580		4,580		33,813
Local option sales tax		4,364,700		5,643,283		1,278,583		4,679,763
Telecommunications sales tax		-		107,836		107,836		148,213
Piped natural gas sales tax		-		76,035		76,035		64,874
Utilities sales tax		865,000		643,079		(221,921)		629,380
Video franchise fee		-		96,404		96,404		87,548
Beer and wine tax		64,600		68,335		3,735		65,020
ABC profit distribution		95,000		246,126		151,126		187,016
Solid waste disposal tax		10,500		12,982		2,482		11,652
Storm water fee		131,500	<u> </u>	134,097	. <u></u>	2,597	Manual	131,394
Total		5,564,300		7,065,757		1,501,457	<u>.</u>	6,038,673
Restricted intergovernmental								
Powell Bill allocation		356,500		484,663		128,163		381,718
School Resource Officer		165,000		195,000		30,000		165,000
Federal drug monies		96,800		96,622		(178)		30,362
State drug monies		6,000		14,730		8,730		5,410
Fire donations		-		1,334		1,334		-
Miscellaneous Community grants	,	1,000		-		(1,000)		14,606
ABC revenue for law enforcement		35,000		66,423		31,423		43,878
On-behalf of payments - Fire		-		28,329		28,329		27,966
Total		660,300	. <u>.</u>	887,101		226,801		668,940
Permits and fees								
Development fees		4,000		56,025		52,025		32,000
Building permits and inspection fees		290,000		547,617	. <u> </u>	257,617		602,397
Total	_	294,000		603,642		309,642	_	634,397
					•	·····		

#### Statement 1 2 of 12

# City of Graham, North Carolina General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

With Comparative Actual Amounts for The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

2022 Variance   Positive Positive   Budget Actual (Negative)   Sales and services \$ 511,800 \$ 580,083 \$ 68,283	
Refuse collection fees   \$ 511,800   \$ 580,083   \$ 68,283	
	) 61 61 6
Cemetery fees   50,000   95,760   45,760	
Concession income - 207 20'	
Recreation Department fees105,000113,0328,032Department fees100,000111,11415,011	
Recreation-Graham Mebane Lake93,300111,11417,814Rent on city properties28 50028 501	
Rent on city properties   28,500   28,501	28,801
Total 788,600 928,697 140,09	7 713,978
Investment earnings	
Interest on investments   27,000   11,756   (15,24)	
Federal drug monies - interest-107107	
State drug monies - interest   -   21   2	44
Total <u>27,000</u> <u>11,884</u> (15,116	5) 40,279
Miscellaneous	
Other 55,000 44,690 (10,31)	
ABC revenue 35,000 42,904 7,904	
Recycling/surplus proceeds20,10065,54845,443	
NCCP 340,000 314,605 (25,39)	
Police Donations / Contributions - 1,250 1,250	
Recreation donations5,0008,2403,240	
Court costs and fines   15,000   11,488   (3,512)	
5k run - donations   -   8,880   8,880     Control H H - CE   100   200   700	
Sports Hall of Fame   100   820   720     Alarma   2 800   4 150   255	
Alarms 3,800 4,150 350   Insurance proceeds 1,000 12,903 11,902	,
1,000 12,903 11,90.	
Total 475,000 515,478 40,478	490,087
Total revenues   13,725,300   16,149,257   2,423,957	14,586,368
Expenditures:	
General government	
Governing Body	
Salaries 32,000 33,108 (1,104	31,848
Professional services   217,900   166,110   51,790	
Travel 7,000 5,115 1,88	
Supplies and materials5001,016(51)	•
FICA 2,500 2,533 (3:	
Miscellaneous 34,000 32,510 1,490	) 4,372
Total 293,900 240,392 53,500	3 204,175

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			2022			2021
		Budget	 Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	 Actual
Administration		Dudget	 	. <u></u>	(itegative)	Actual
Salaries	\$	438,500	\$ 421,139	\$	17,361	\$ 419,216
Professional services		108,400	138,283		(29,883)	80,221
FICA		34,700	30,560		4,140	31,907
Group insurance		295,100	293,056		2,044	260,572
Retirement		51,500	44,074		7,426	43,947
Unemployment expense		1,100	-		1,100	-
Longevity pay		8,500	5,490		3,010	12,357
Telephone and postage		6,500	11,846		(5,346)	8,603
Vehicle tax administration fee		-	23,186		(23,186)	22,335
Travel		4,000	6,160		(2,160)	674
Maintenance and repairs-vehicles		400	1,210		(810)	212
Vehicle and equipment fuel		100	156		(56)	20
Advertising		800	431		369	938
Dues and subscriptions		12,400	11,448		952	11,161
Insurance and bonds		240,500	240,434		66	198,672
Miscellaneous		29,500	29,747		(247)	25,803
Animal Shelter		97,400	97,228		172	101,112
Contracted services		92,000	100,195		(8,195)	101,243
NCCP		16,000	-		16,000	133,178
Supplemental retirement		22,600	14,232		8,368	16,386
Supplies		3,000	2,351		649	1,639
Facade grant		10,000	9,826		174	34,300
Business beautification grant		15,000	15,245		(245)	-
Downtown program		5,000	1,912		3,088	1,424
Economic development	<u> </u>	20,000	 20,000	. <u> </u>		 20,000
Total		1,513,000	 1,518,209		(5,209)	 1,525,920
Information Technologies						
Salaries		71,800	67,563		4,237	130,211
FICA		5,200	4,955		245	9,663
Group insurance		8,500	8,449		51	15,385
Unemployment expense		200	-		200	-
Retirement		7,800	7,909		(109)	13,584
Longevity pay		1,700	1,683		17	3,194
Telephone and postage		2,000	1,905		95	2,081
Travel		2,000 1,500	1,905		(266)	2,001
						-
Maintenance and repairs - equipment		2,500	1,777		723	3,913
Supplies		1,000	733		267	558

#### Statement 1 4 of 12

	2022						2021	
						Positive		
		Budget	. <u> </u>	Actual	. <u></u>	(Negative)	 Actual	
Contracted services	\$	28,000	\$	25,096	\$	2,904	\$ 23,943	
Dues and subscriptions		300		468		(168)	187	
Miscellaneous		3,000		1,265		1,735	17,631	
Capital outlay - equipment		37,500		24,701		12,799	-	
Software maintenance		58,800		68,702		(9,902)	44,459	
Small equipment purchase		40,000		46,212		(6,212)	108,987	
Supplemental retirement		3,400		2,623		. 777	 5,047	
Total		273,200		265,807		7,393	 378,843	
Finance								
Salaries		179,300		176,179		3,121	214,482	
FICA		13,300		12,905		395	15,693	
Group insurance		21,100		21,136		(36)	23,093	
Unemployment expense		500		-		500	-	
Retirement		19,800		20,967		(1,167)	22,552	
Longevity pay		8,000		7,831		169	7,018	
Bank charges		23,400		21,569		1,831	12,168	
Telephone and postage		9,000		8,883		117	7,919	
Travel		1,500		4,594		(3,094)	1,617	
Advertising		1,500		1,166		334	1,332	
Supplies		5,000		4,953		47	4,865	
Contracted services		4,300		4,723		(423)	4,547	
Dues and subscriptions		500		160		340	298	
Miscellaneous		2,000		654		1,346	4,791	
Audit		45,500		41,955		3,545	42,969	
Software maintenance		26,400		29,043		(2,643)	10,953	
Small equipment purchase		500		-		500	-	
Supplemental retirement		8,700		6,906		1,794	 8,929	
Total		370,300		363,624		6,676	 383,226	
	······································					······	 ······	

#### Statement 1 5 of 12

			2022			2021
					Variance Positive	 
		Budget	 Actual	(1	legative)	 Actual
Public buildings						
Salaries	\$	2,700	\$ 2,472	\$	228	\$ 5,113
FICA		500	189		311	391
Telephone and postage		-	355		(355)	-
Utilities		48,000	49,115		(1,115)	45,722
Maintenance and repairs		53,500	52,517		983	51,248
Vehicle and equipment fuel		-	413		(413)	687
Supplies and materials		11,000	10,443		557	13,409
Uniforms		500	480		20	37
Miscellaneous		-	60		(60)	
Small equipment purchase	<u></u>	-	 -		-	 7,934
Total		116,200	 116,044	<u>.</u>	156	 124,541
City garage and warehouse						
Salaries		54,800	54,940		(140)	49,931
FICA		4,100	4,222		(122)	3,888
Group insurance		8,400	8,202		198	7,473
Unemployment expense		200	-		200	(37)
Retirement		6,000	6,610		(610)	5,387
Longevity pay		3,200	3,134		66	2,983
Telephone and postage		800	854		(54)	710
Utilities		5,000	4,742		258	4,710
Maintenance and repairs-building		2,000	237		1,763	2,311
Maintenance and repairs-equipment		7,000	1,836		5,164	4,977
Supplies		1,000	1,308		(308)	1,092
Miscellaneous		3,000	2,564		436	4,088
Supplemental retirement		2,700	2,748		(48)	2,496
Capital outlay - equipment		14,000	 12,659	<u> </u>	1,341	 _
Total		112,200	 104,056		8,144	 90,009
Total general government	······	2,678,800	 2,608,132		70,668	 2,706,714
Public safety						
Police department						
Salaries		2,620,100	2,632,169		(12,069)	2,323,150
Professional services		317,200	312,864		4,336	255,185
FICA		194,700	196,134		(1,434)	172,345
Group insurance		363,400	356,383		7,017	290,815

#### Statement 1 6 of 12

		2022		2021
	 Budget	 Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Unemployment expense	\$ 10,800	\$ -	\$ 10,800	\$ (2,676)
Retirement	284,200	307,402	(23,202)	244,370
Longevity pay	69,200	63,124	6,076	66,387
Training	25,000	34,900	(9,900)	43,890
Telephone and postage	44,000	75,749	(31,749)	72,464
Utilities	25,000	15,891	9,109	21,061
Travel	12,000	11,443	557	3,664
Vehicle and equipment fuel	107,000	108,471	(1,471)	64,223
Maintenance and repairs - building	35,000	10,255	24,745	22,006
Maintenance and repairs - equipment	10,000	647	9,353	14,724
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles	90,000	116,157	(26,157)	84,134
Radio maintenance	10,000	3,052	6,948	3,216
Supplies and materials	16,500	14,802	1,698	34,571
Crime prevention	4,000	1,649	2,351	2,994
K-9 expense	14,500	7,129	7,371	12,322
Uniforms	41,500	45,058	(3,558)	60,295
Contracted services	96,600	102,851	(6,251)	60,976
Dues and subscriptions	3,200	4,006	(806)	3,204
Small equipment purchase	74,600	72,501	2,099	115,412
Miscellaneous	8,200	9,913	(1,713)	5,500
Capital outlay - equipment	285,100	279,715	5,385	202,759
Capital outlay - improvements	25,000	-	25,000	93,900
Software maintenance and changes	35,000	34,751	249	43,657
Supplemental retirement	 118,000	120,523	 (2,523)	 106,705
Total	 4,939,800	 4,937,539	 2,261	 4,421,251
Fire department				
Salaries	742,800	766,296	(23,496)	638,026
Professional fees	153,400	168,633	(15,233)	202,329
FICA	55,000	59,475	(4,475)	49,298
Group insurance	84,500	72,370	12,130	63,160
Unemployment expense	2,400	-	2,400	(888)
Retirement	63,200	62,038	1,162	50,900
Longevity pay	13,700	13,219	481	10,278
Training	3,500	4,507	(1,007)	3,302
Telephone and postage	24,800	27,941	(3,141)	18,758
Travel	3,300	2,224	1,076	2,125
Maintenance and repairs - equipment	11,900	21,066	(9,166)	17,973
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles	45,000	48,972	(3,972)	54,123
Radio maintenance	20,000	15,197	4,803	19,182
Firemen's fees	19,000	22,880	(3,880)	17,542
I Hellien 5 lees				

#### Statement 1 7 of 12

			2022			2021
	Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	 Actual
Vehicle and equipment fuel	\$ 23,000	) \$	22,024	\$	976	\$ 11,275
Supplies and materials	13,000		18,854		(5,854)	14,289
Hazmat equipment	500		58		442	
Uniforms	45,000		46,930		(1,930)	45,119
Insurance - Firemen's Fraternal Fund	3,400		3,529		(129)	3,152
Dues and subscriptions	4,000		4,241		(241)	8,207
Miscellaneous fire prevention	11,500		11,157		343	2,115
Health and safety	24,500		19,842		4,658	9,474
Miscellaneous	2,000		3,774		(1,774)	5,700
Small equipment purchase	5,000		169,768		(164,768)	12,479
Capital outlay - equipment	126,800		-		126,800	-
Capital outlay - land and buildings	275,000		-		275,000	224,501
Supplemental retirement	27,800		22,430		5,370	19,986
Police reserves	2,200		1,726		474	2,050
On-behalf payments			28,329		(28,329)	 27,966
Total	1,827,100	)	1,658,060		169,040	 1,552,731
Inspection - planning/zoning						
Salaries	390,300	)	380,907		9,393	324,961
Professional services	12,000	)	2,275		9,725	2,753
FICA	29,100	)	28,953		147	24,861
Group insurance	50,700	)	52,439		(1,739)	38,422
Unemployment expense	1,600	)	-		1,600	(20)
Retirement	39,800	)	42,361		(2,561)	32,413
Longevity pay	10,700	)	8,954		1,746	10,033
Telephone and postage	9,000	)	9,899		(899)	9,331
Travel	8,500	)	2,936		5,564	2,076
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles	3,000	)	2,500		500	3,058
Advertising	1,200	)	2,350		(1,150)	1,965
Vehicle and equipment fuel	2,000	)	3,079		(1,079)	2,714
Dues and subscriptions	1,200	)	614		586	1,163
Small equipment purchases	1,000	)	-		1,000	-
Capital outlay - equipment	7,500	)	31,254		(23,754)	-
Supplies and materials	5,000	)	5,110		(110)	1,626
Uniforms	1,500	)	1,438		62	1,607
Miscellaneous	2,000	)	1,810		190	1,923
Software maintenance and changes	5,500	)	5,650		(150)	5,300
Supplemental retirement	17,500		15,852	. <u></u>	1,648	 12,388
Total	599,100	)	598,381		719	 476,574
Total public safety	7,366,000	)	7,193,980		172,020	 6,450,556
				_		

#### Statement 1 8 of 12

				2022	2021		
	<u></u>				Variance		
					Positive		
		Budget	·	Actual	 (Negative)	 Actual	
Transportation							
Traffic engineering							
Utilities	\$	3,000	\$	2,950	\$ 50	\$ 2,717	
Supplies and materials		-		12	(12)	-	
Small equipment purchases		1,000		-	1,000	-	
Contracted services	<u></u>	24,000		24,000	 _	 24,000	
Total		28,000		26,962	 1,038	 26,717	
Street							
Salaries		330,000		338,862	(8,862)	380,390	
Professional services		12,000		9,535	2,465	12,532	
Storm water		45,000		62,045	(17,045)	55,401	
FICA		32,500		26,124	6,376	29,143	
Group insurance		76,100		59,152	16,948	67,799	
Unemployment expense		1,900		-	1,900	(23)	
Retirement		45,200		39,465	5,735	39,652	
Longevity pay		10,900		7,583	3,317	9,037	
Telephone and postage		7,000		8,366	(1,366)	8,436	
Utilities		3,000		1,755	1,245	2,042	
Travel		1,000		836	164	-	
Maintenance and repairs - buildings		3,500		100	3,400	3,000	
Maintenance and repairs - equipment		1,000		-	1,000	-	
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles		65,000		76,475	(11,475)	47,889	
Radio maintenance		300		-	300	-	
Vehicle and equipment fuel		28,000		21,531	6,469	15,520	
Supplies and materials		18,000		20,911	(2,911)	17,842	
Traffic control		10,000		14,859	(4,859)	11,391	
Uniforms		6,500		7,524	(1,024)	6,531	
Road repair materials		25,000		28,981	(3,981)	18,064	
Sidewalk repairs		30,000		17,750	12,250	111,372	
Snow and ice removal		13,000		12,097	903	-	
Storm sewers		25,000		52,651	(27,651)	16,790	
Street resurfacing		441,000		171,574	269,426	615,869	
Right of ways		10,000		3,972	6,028	(2,387)	
Dues and subscriptions		2,600		2,385	215	2,183	
Miscellaneous		3,500		3,994	(494)	281	
Contracted services		2,000		1,881	119	909	
Small equipment purchases		15,000		5,294	9,706	28,565	
Capital outlay - other improvements		160,000		-	160,000	2,341	

#### Statement 1 9 of 12

			2021		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	
Capital outlay - equipment Supplemental retirement Street improvements	\$ 50,000 21,200 18,000	\$ 225,431 15,455 6,175	\$ (175,431) 5,745 11,825	\$ 5,093 18,362 22,839	
Total	1,513,200	1,242,763	270,437	1,546,863	
Street lighting					
Utilities	100,000	92,421	7,579	105,749	
Contracted services		257	(257)		
Total	100,000	92,678	7,322	105,749	
Total transportation	1,641,200	1,362,403	278,797	1,679,329	
Environmental protection Sanitation					
Salaries	316,500	316,275	225	256,942	
FICA	23,300	24,949	(1,649)	20,176	
Group insurance	59,200	57,692	1,508	46,176	
Unemployment expense	1,500	-	1,500	-	
Retirement	34,600	37,495	(2,895)	27,329	
Longevity pay	13,000	13,222	(222)	11,484	
Telephone and postage	4,500	5,012	(512)	4,268	
Maintenance and repairs - equipment	20,200	-	20,200	292	
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles	90,000	103,038	(13,038)	100,186	
Vehicle and equipment fuel	62,500	60,168	2,332	32,382	
Supplies and materials	1,000	686	314	1,344	
Tipping fees	200,000	193,449	6,551	193,897	
Travel	200	-	200	-	
Radio maintenance	200	-	200	-	
Uniforms	4,000	4,689	(689)	3,603	
Contracted services	85,000	81,884	3,116	79,732	
Small equipment purchases	1,000	2,969	(1,969)	-	
Capital outlay equipment	310,000	299,900	10,100	-	
Miscellaneous	3,000	3,590	(590)	3,430	
Rollout refuse	34,000	32,552	1,448	28,260	
Supplemental retirement	15,200	13,894	1,306	11,085	
Total environmental protection	1,278,900	1,251,464	27,436	820,586	

2022							2021	
			A., 1		Variance Positive		A . 4 1	
	Budget		Actual		(Negative)	Actual		
¢	366 800	¢	360 244	\$	6 5 5 6	¢	357,245	
φ		φ		φ	,	φ	18,079	
					-		26,861	
	-		-				37,812	
	-		-				(663)	
	,				,		(003) 27,991	
	•				,		1,331	
							1,331	
	•						27,560	
	,		-				27,300 9,567	
			-		• •		9,307 21,687	
	-				• · ·		4,964	
					• · · •		4,904 4,642	
	,		•		,		4,042 5,260	
			•		-		1,203	
			-		,		1,203	
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							13,951	
	•		-				9,464	
	,		,		· · ·		12,375	
			-				6,002	
	-						-	
	,						18,310	
							-	
			· ·				103,653	
	-						106,351	
	-						11,605	
	14,500		12,913		1,587		10,863	
	26,800				26,800		19,803	
_	816,300		792,168		24,132		886,605	
	\$	12,000 33,800 42,300 1,300 32,900 8,000 18,000 35,000 5,200 16,000 4,200 22,000 3,000 9,000 1,000 3,000 18,200 8,400 10,000 18,000 10,000 6,100 1,000 8,000 14,800 7,000 14,500 26,800	$\begin{array}{c c} & 366,800 & \\ & 12,000 \\ & 33,800 \\ & 42,300 \\ & 1,300 \\ & 32,900 \\ & 8,000 \\ & 18,000 \\ & 35,000 \\ & 5,200 \\ & 16,000 \\ & 6,000 \\ & 4,200 \\ & 22,000 \\ & 3,000 \\ & 4,200 \\ & 22,000 \\ & 3,000 \\ & 1,000 \\ & 3,000 \\ & 1,000 \\ & 3,000 \\ & 1,000 \\ & 3,000 \\ & 18,200 \\ & 8,400 \\ & 10,000 \\ & 18,000 \\ & 10,000 \\ & 18,000 \\ & 10,000 \\ & 8,000 \\ & 14,800 \\ & 7,000 \\ & 14,500 \\ & 26,800 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	BudgetActualPositive (Negative)\$ $366,800$ \$ $360,244$ \$ $6,556$ $12,000$ $649$ $11,351$ $33,800$ $27,313$ $6,487$ $42,300$ $42,269$ $31$ $1,300$ - $1,300$ $32,900$ $34,722$ $(1,822)$ $8,000$ $8,002$ $(2)$ $18,000$ $15,765$ $2,235$ $35,000$ $30,844$ $4,156$ $5,200$ $5,972$ $(772)$ $16,000$ $22,328$ $(6,328)$ $6,000$ $10,108$ $(4,108)$ $4,200$ $6,653$ $(2,453)$ $22,000$ $10,676$ $11,324$ $3,000$ $1,902$ $1,098$ $9,000$ $8,706$ $294$ $1,000$ $12,96$ $(296)$ $3,000$ $5,650$ $(2,650)$ $18,200$ $23,769$ $(5,569)$ $8,400$ $4,464$ $3,936$ $10,000$ $10,193$ $(193)$ $18,000$ $19,052$ $(1,052)$ $10,000$ $10,053$ $(53)$ $60,100$ $57,494$ $2,606$ $1,000$ $44,193$ $(36,193)$ $14,800$ $9,555$ $5,245$ $7,000$ $6,968$ $32$ $14,500$ $12,913$ $1,587$ $26,800$ $ 26,800$	BudgetActualPositive (Negative)\$ $366,800$ \$ $360,244$ \$ $6,556$ \$ 12,000 $42,200$ $649$ $11,351$ $33,800$ $27,313$ $6,487$ $42,300$ $42,269$ $31$ $1,300$ - $1,300$ $32,900$ $34,722$ $(1,822)$ $8,000$ $8,002$ $(2)$ $8,000$ $8,002$ $(2)$ $8,000$ $5,755$ $2,235$ $35,000$ $30,844$ $4,156$ $5,200$ $5,972$ $(772)$ $16,000$ $22,328$ $(6,328)$ $6,000$ $10,108$ $(4,108)$ $4,200$ $6,653$ $(2,453)$ $22,000$ $10,676$ $11,324$ $3,000$ $1,902$ $1,098$ $9,000$ $8,706$ $294$ $1,000$ $1,296$ $(296)$ $3,000$ $5,650$ $(2,650)$ $8,400$ $4,464$ $3,936$ $10,000$ $10,053$ $(53)$ $60,100$ $57,494$ $2,606$ $1,000$ $10,053$ $(53)$ $60,100$ $57,494$ $2,606$ $1,000$ $415$ $585$ $8,000$ $44,193$ $(36,193)$ $14,800$ $9,555$ $5,245$ $7,000$ $6,968$ $32$ $14,500$ $12,913$ $1,587$ $26,800$ - $26,800$ -	

#### Statement 1 11 of 12

#### City of Graham, North Carolina General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

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		2022			2021
	 Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	 Actual
Graham-Mebane Lake	 	 			 
Salaries	\$ 106,100	\$ 96,775	\$	9,325	\$ 91,614
FICA	8,100	7,419		681	7,012
Group insurance	8,500	8,443		57	7,687
Professional services	4,000	11		3,989	25,959
Unemployment expense	800	-		800	-
Retirement expense	5,400	5,771		(371)	4,805
Longevity pay	1,200	1,169		31	1,110
Telephone and postage	3,500	2,846		654	2,639
Utilities	4,000	3,111		889	3,166
Travel	500	207		293	730
Maintenance and repairs - buildings	6,900	6,634		266	1,065
Maintenance and repairs - equipment	700	171		529	1,217
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles	1,500	1,590		(90)	2,074
Vehicle and equipment fuel	1,400	1,504		(104)	1,218
Other programs	2,000	2,331		(331)	1,426
Supplies and materials	11,500	13,297		(1,797)	12,386
Uniforms	800	694		106	81
Contracted services	2,100	-		2,100	1,056
Dues and subscriptions	100	-		100	21
Miscellaneous expense	500	39		461	-
Small equipment purchases	8,000	8,345		(345)	8,776
Capital outlay - other improvements	6,600	-		6,600	-
Supplemental retirement	 2,400	 2,449	. <u> </u>	(49)	 2,272
Total	 186,600	 162,806		23,794	 176,314
Property Maintenance					
Salaries	544,400	538,708		5,692	494,578
FICA	40,200	41,961		(1,761)	37,362
Group insurance	92,900	87,845		5,055	85,282
Unemployment expense	2,900	-		2,900	-
Retirement	53,600	59,790		(6,190)	47,475
Longevity pay	16,100	15,973		127	14,285
Telephone and postage	6,000	5,990		10	7,037
Utilities	28,000	28,135		(135)	26,415
Travel	2,400	756		1,644	1,302
Contract labor	6,000	3,714		2,286	4,450
Equipment rentals	2,800	915		1,885	1,029
Maintenance and repairs - buildings	27,000	21,388		5,612	30,972
Maintenance and repairs - equipment	66,000	58,967		7,033	52,639
Maintenance and repairs - grounds	37,000	45,680		(8,680)	44,471
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles	29,000	21,365		7,635	29,213

#### Statement 1 12 of 12

		2022		2021
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Maintenance and repairs - lighting	<u> </u>			
and fencing	\$ 7,500	\$ 7,580	\$ (80)	\$ 3,794
Vehicle and equipment fuel	32,000	36,218	(4,218)	21,348
Supplies and materials	15,200	12,600	2,600	16,543
Uniforms	8,000	6,919	1,081	6,030
Dues and subscriptions	7,400	9,150	(1,750)	4,443
Miscellaneous	4,500	7,620	(3,120)	3,844
Small equipment purchases	7,500	19,834	(12,334)	18,227
Capital outlay - other improvements	16,500	-	16,500	12,000
Capital outlay - equipment	151,000	115,300	35,700	92,923
Supplemental retirement	23,600	24,304	(704)	21,549
Business beautification grant				20,884
Total	1,227,500	1,170,712	56,788	1,098,095
Total culture and recreation	2,230,400	2,125,686	104,714	2,161,014
Total expenditures	15,195,300	14,541,665	653,635	13,818,197
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,470,000)	1,607,592	3,077,592	768,171
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers:				
Governmental Capital Projects	-	(200,000)	(200,000)	(49,078)
Letter of credit funds	-	-	-	48,578
Appropriated fund balance	1,470,000		(1,470,000)	
Total	1,470,000	(200,000)	(1,670,000)	(500)
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	1,407,592	\$ 1,407,592	767,671
Fund balances, beginning		12,219,643		11,451,972
Fund balances, ending		\$ 13,627,234		\$ 12,219,643

#### City of Graham, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 		2022				2021
	 Budget		Actual	<u> </u>	Variance Positive (Negative)		Actual
Revenues:							
American Rescue Plan Act	\$ 3,500,000	\$	_	<u>\$</u>	(3,500,000)	\$	<u>-</u>
Total revenues	 3,500,000				(3,500,000)		
Expenditures Water line replacement	 3,500,000				3,500,000		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	 3,500,000		-		3,500,000	-	
Revenues over expenditures	 					-	
Other financing sources (uses) Appropriated fund balance	 					-	<del>_</del>
Deserves and effect encourses	 -					-	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures	\$ -	= .	-	<u>\$</u>			-
Fund balance, beginning						-	
Fund balance, ending		\$				\$	

#### City of Graham, North Carolina Combining Balance Sheets Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Graham Memorial Park	 Truby Drive Repair	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest receivable	\$	2,617,089	\$ 200,000	\$	2,817,089
Accounts receivable, net Due from other governments		3,500	-		3,500
Total assets	\$	2,620,589	\$ 200,000	\$	2,820,589
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Accounts payable and accured					
liabilities	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Fund balances:					
Reserved for subsequent years' expenditures		2,620,589	200,000		2,820,589
years expenditures		2,020,389	 200,000		2,020,389
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,620,589	\$ 200,000	\$	2,820,589

#### City of Graham, North Carolina Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Graham Memorial Park	Truby Drive Repair	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
REVENUES						
Restricted intergovernmental		<b>、</b>				
revenues:						
Investment earnings	\$	3,748 \$	- \$	3,748		
Lot sales		18,300	-	18,300		
Restricted intergovernmental		-		-		
Total revenues		22,048		22,048		
Expenditures						
Salaries		-	-	-		
FICA		-	-	-		
Group insurance		-	-	-		
Unemployment expense		-	-	-		
Retirement expense		-	-	-		
Insurance and bonds		-	-	-		
Miscellaneous expense		-	-	-		
Supplemental retirement		-	-	-		
Capital outlay		-	-	-		
Construction costs		-	-	-		
Professional services			-	-		
Total expenditures			<del>_</del>			
Other financing sources:						
Transfer (to) from General Fund			200,000	200,000		
Revenues over expenditures and						
other financing sources	<b></b>	22,048	200,000	222,048		
Fund balance - beginning of year		2,598,541	-	2,598,541		
Fund balance - end of year	\$	2,620,589 \$	200,000 \$	2,820,589		

#### City of Graham, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - Graham Memorial Park Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		2022		2021
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Revenues:				
Sale of cemetery lots	\$-	\$ 18,300	\$ 18,300	\$ 88,798
Investment earnings		3,748	3,748	2,363
Total revenues		22,048	22,048	91,161
Expenditures				
Small equipment purchases	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay improvements	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay equipment				
Total expenditures				
Revenues over expenditures		22,048	22,048	91,161
Other financing sources (uses)				
Appropriated fund balance				
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures	\$	22,048	\$22,048	91,161
Fund balance, beginning		2,598,541		2,507,380
Fund balance, ending		\$ 2,620,589		\$ 2,598,541

#### City of Graham, North Carolina Capital Project Fund - Truby Drive Repair Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

						Actual		
		Project Authori- zation		Prior Year		Current Year	Total To Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures	¢	000.000	¢		•	¢	ф.	200.000
Repair project	<u></u>	200,000	\$		\$	- \$	\$	200,000
Total		200,000		_				200,000
Other financing sources: Operating transfer from								
General Fund Grant proceeds		200,000		-		200,000	200,000	-
		200,000				200,000	200,000	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures	\$		\$		_	200,000 <u></u>	200,000 \$	200,000
Fund balance, beginning								
Fund balance, ending					\$	200,000		

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#### City of Graham, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

2022 2021 Variance Positive (Negative) Budget Actual Actual Revenues: Charges for services Sewer surcharges \$ 56.000 59.150 64.033 \$ \$ 3.150 \$ Water charges 2,294,000 2,538,606 244,606 2,659,849 Sewer charges 4,175,000 4,059,013 (115, 987)3,391,926 **887,2**72 Mebane revenue 975,600 1,038,277 62,677 Total 7,500,600 7,695,046 194,446 7,003,080 Other operating revenues Sewer acreage & connection fees 50,000 178,538 128,538 454,249 Water acreage & connection fees 100,000 74,225 (25,775)186,820 Plumbing permits and inspections 40,000 41,184 1,184 120,199 Water and sewer taps 4,500 34,800 30,300 37,566 Water and sewer assessments 100 (100)Miscellaneous 28,000 12,737 (15, 263)31,316 Cut-offs 80,000 137,670 57,670 105,303 Total 302,600 479,154 176,554 935,453 Total operating revenues 7,803,200 8,174,200 371,000 7,938,533 Non-operating revenues Investment earnings 27,000 11,686 46,082 (15, 314)Sale / lease of property 37,500 1,725 33,179 (35,775)Lease revenue 34,235 34,235 Interest on lease receivable 3,377 3,377 NCCP 100,000 105,817 5,817 78,880 Total non-operating revenues 164,500 156,840 (7,660)158,141 Total revenues 7,967,700 8,331,040 363,340 8,096,674 Expenditures: Water billing and metering Salaries 330,600 323,228 7,372 175,567 **FICA** 23,700 23,489 211 13,122 Group insurance 46,500 46,488 12 29,187 Unemployment expense 1,400 1,400 (44)Retirement 33,300 35,753 (2, 453)17.622 Longevity pay 7,100 6,982 118 4,591 Bank charges 75,000 66,889 8,111 76,615 Telephone and postage 35,000 38,836 (3,836)36,306 Travel 1,000 922 78

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#### City of Graham, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

2022 2021 Variance Positive Budget Actual (Negative) Actual \$ Maintenance and repairs - vehicles 2,500 \$ 1,490 \$ 1,010 \$ 1.990 Maintenance and repairs-equipment 1,000 1.000 Vehicle and equipment fuel 2,000 2,549 (549)1,599 Supplies and materials 1,600 1.317 283 766 Uniforms 500 517 (17)134 Contract services 16,000 16,475 (475)16,121 Sewer treatment 887 (887) Dues and subscriptions 10,000 9,866 134 10,031 Small equipment 1,000 448 552 Miscellaneous 2,000 2.000 Software maintenance and charges 28,400 20,401 7,999 24,299 Bad debt expense 19,219 (19, 219)(28,709)Supplemental retirement 14,700 14,548 152 8,416 Total 633,300 629,460 3,840 387,613 Water distribution Salaries 250,000 290,396 (40, 396)336,133 FICA 29,800 22,219 7,581 25,462 Group insurance 84,500 55,697 28,803 72,922 Unemployment expense 2,200 2,200 Retirement 43,700 33,836 34,888 9,864 Longevity pay 7,900 6,739 1,161 6,493 Telephone and postage 6,500 5,930 570 7,141 Utilities 10,000 11,175 (1, 175)10,020 Travel 5,500 682 4,818 1,410 Maintenance and repairs - equipment 20,000 12,655 7,345 14,477 Maintenance and repairs - vehicles 20,000 16,237 3,763 15,004 15,000 Vehicle and equipment fuel 14,841 159 10,387 Supplies and materials 160,000 152,899 7,101 138,461 Uniforms 7,000 6,414 586 5,589 Contracted services 265,000 237,097 27,903 290,284 Dues and subscriptions 5,000 3,231 1,769 3,893 Miscellaneous 4,500 7,809 (3,309)2,000 Meters, valves, hydrants 400,000 382,863 17,137 397,583 Small tools and equipment 5,000 5,478 (478)4,221 Supplemental retirement 19,200 10,374 8,826 13,047 Total 1,360,800 1,276,572 84,228 1,389,415

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### City of Graham, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022							2021
		Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Negative)		Actual
Sewer mains								
Salaries	\$	50,000	\$	49,188	\$	812	\$	45,514
FICA	Ψ	5,700	Ψ	3,804	Ψ	1,896	Ψ	3,478
Group insurance		8,500		8,276		224		-
Unemployment expense		400		-		400		-
Professional services		105,000		122,344		(17,344)		26,261
Retirement		5,100		5,418		(318)		4,635
Longevity pay		400		440		(40)		-
Telephone and postage		6,000		5,923		77		5,486
Utilities		22,000		12,818		9,182		19,930
Travel		600		-		600		-
Maintenance and repairs - buildings		1,500		1,137		363		580
Maintenance and repairs - equipment		35,000		22,762		12,238		17,425
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles		4,500		1,450		3,050		2,656
Vehicle and equipment fuel		4,000		2,454		1,546		2,297
Supplies and materials		1,500		28		1,472		609
Uniforms		1,500		1,513		(13)		658
Contracted services		8,500		15,567		(7,067)		5,327
Miscellaneous		1,000		39		961		-,
Small equipment purchase		3,500		515		2,985		8,177
Supplemental retirement		2,500		2,015		485		2,275
Total		267,200		255,691		11,509		145,308
Water Treatment Plant								
Salaries		539,200		543,352		(4,152)		494,537
Professional services		30,000		17,455		12,545		10,619
FICA		40,000		41,173		(1,173)		37,374
Group insurance		76,000		74,786		1,214		58,943
Unemployment expense		2,000		-		2,000		-
Retirement		59,500		64,232		(4,732)		52,256
Longevity pay		21,100		21,024		76		18,881
Telephone and postage		8,000		8,383		(383)		5,685
Utilities		210,000		181,657		28,343		194,128
Travel		4,000		2,083		1,917		1,058
Maintenance and repairs - buildings								
and grounds		22,000		27,289		(5,289)		20,771
Maintenance and repairs - equipment		40,000		60,886		(20,886)		47,805
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles		3,000		4,743		(1,743)		1,799

### City of Graham, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

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#### With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		2022		2021
			Variance	
	Dudeet	A	Positive	A struct
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Vehicle and equipment fuel	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,049	\$ (49)	\$ 3,940
Supplies and materials	765,000	764,604	396	591,222
Uniforms	2,000	1,558	442	2,040
Lab expense	45,000	41,646	3,354	38,504
Contract services	75,000	66,096	8,904	48,795
Dues and subscriptions	9,000	7,937	1,063	8,178
Small equipment	26,000	19,732	6,268	30,330
Miscellaneous	2,000	485	1,515	209
Supplemental retirement	26,200	26,759	(559)	23,806
Total	2,008,000	1,978,929	29,071	1,690,880
Waste Water Treatment Plant				
Salaries	541,900	505,815	36,085	459,510
Professional services	25,000	895	24,105	3,318
FICA	37,000	40,419	(3,419)	34,449
Group insurance	93,000	90,880	2,120	83,731
Unemployment expense	2,500	-	2,500	-
Retirement	57,200	51,559	5,641	48,130
Longevity pay	16,200	16,027	173	14,110
Telephone and postage	7,000	6,059	941	7,214
Utilities	150,000	158,047	(8,047)	143,603
Travel	3,000	1,407	1,593	1,336
Maintenance and repairs - buildings	22,000	25,443	(3,443)	21,182
Maintenance and repairs - equipment	40,000	41,612	(1,612)	64,228
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles	15,000	25,202	(10,202)	14,789
Vehicle and equipment fuel	11,000	16,722	(5,722)	7,129
Supplies and materials	315,000	289,935	25,065	209,179
Uniforms	2,000	1,760	240	3,555
Lab expense	50,000	50,142	(142)	47,648
Contracted services	36,000	36,661	(661)	33,791
Sewer treatment	568,500	482,115	86,385	467,514
Dues and subscriptions	15,000	15,562	(562)	14,458
Miscellaneous	1,000	2,087	(1,087)	386
Bad debt expense	-	-	-	28,490
Small equipment purchase	18,000	4,036	13,964	12,643
Supplemental retirement	23,200	21,371	1,829	18,559
Total	2,049,500	1,883,756	165,744	1,738,952

### Statement 7 Page 5 of 6

#### City of Graham, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

			2021			
					Variance Positive	
	 Budget	<u> </u>	Actual	(	Negative)	Actual
Non-departmental						
Professional services	\$ 150,000	\$	179,115	\$	(29,115) \$	108,959
Group Insurance	82,000		67,988		14,012	72,217
Water - Burlington	5,000		-		5,000	-
Contracted Services	79,000		69,767		9,233	70,121
NCCP revenue sharing payment	12,000		-		12,000	15,783
Insurance and bonds	90,000		103,706		(13,706)	86,368
Small equipment purchase	30,000		29,023		977	30,000
Miscellaneous	 10,000		8,196		1,804	11,384
Total	458,000		457,795		205	394,832
Debt service						
Interest	79,000		78,741		259	92,835
Debt principal	 1,114,500		474,341		640,159	547,800
Total	 1,193,500		553,082		640,418	640,635
Capital outlay - equipment & improvements						
Water distribution improvements	100,400		61,718		38,682	197,111
Water distribution equipment	10,000		82,122		(72,122)	150,587
Sewer mains	-		9,815		(9,815)	39,907
Water Treatment Plant improvements	100,000		17,225		82,775	77,968
Water Treatment Plant equipment	260,000		164,592		95,408	23,031
Waste Water Plant improvements	50,000		-		50,000	25,291
Waste Water Treatment Plant	 353,000		378,715		(25,715)	194,899
Total	 873,400		714,187	i	159,213	708,794
Total expenditures	 8,843,700		7,749,472		1,094,228	7,096,429
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (876,000)		581,568		1,457,568	1,000,245

### Statement 7 Page 6 of 6

#### City of Graham, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

			2022		2021
		Budget	 Actual	 Variance Positive (Negative)	 Actual
Other financing sources (uses)					
Fund balance appropriated	\$	637,000	\$ -	\$ (637,000)	\$ -
Mebane WTP Capital Contribution		127,000	127,403	403	127,403
WWTP Equipment and Improvements		61,000	-	(61,000)	-
Mebane WWTP Payment		200,000	200,000	-	200,000
Contributed Capital Transfer		-	4,604	4,604	-
		(150,000) 1,000	(789,466) 7,512	(639,466) 6,512	(641,069)
Sale of surplus property					 (1,235)
Total		876,000	 (449,947)	 (1,325,947)	 (314,901)
Revenues and other sources (uses)					
over expenditures	\$	_ 	131,621	\$ 131,621	685,344
Reconciling items:					
Payment of debt principal			474,341		547,800
Principal payments received			(327,403)		(327,403)
Capital outlay			714,187		708,794
(Increase) decrease in accrued vacation pay			30		(50,834)
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of a	resources				
-OPEB			(9,980)		548,479
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of re	sources				-
-OPEB			(200,267)		74,023
(Increase) decrease in accrued OPEB liabili	-		122,442		(742,351)
(Increase) decrease in interest expense accru	181		3,809		5,532
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability	00117000		487,821		(171,156)
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of re -pensions	sources		(486,455)		(4,696)
Increase (decease) in deferred outflows of re	SUITCES		(480,433) 57,106		67,734
- pensions	5001005		57,100		01,151
Depreciation and amortization			(1,086,096)		(1,032,420)
Water and Sewer Capital Reserve Fund reve	enue		252,763		641,069
Income from Capital Project Fund			723,738		608,280
Income from ASADRA loan			1,921,809		984,373
Transfer to Water and Sewer Capital Projec	ts Fund		 536,703		 
Total reconciling items			 3,184,548		 1,857,224
Change in Net Position			\$ 3,316,169		\$ 2,542,568

#### City of Graham, North Carolina Capital Reserve Fund - System Development Fees Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

			 2022	 Variance	 2021
	<u></u>	Budget	Actual	Positive Negative)	 Actual
Expenditures Capital outlay improvements Capital outlay equipment	\$	-	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 
Total Expenditures			 	 	 
Revenues over expenditures			 	 	 
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer to Capital Project Fund Transfer to Water and Sewer Fund		-	(732,237)	(732,237)	(67,763)
Transfer from Water and Sewer Fund		-	 252,763	 252,763	 641,069
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures	\$		(479,474)	\$ (479,474)	573,306
Fund balance, beginning			 1,269,250		 695,944
Fund balance, ending			\$ 789,776		\$ 1,269,250

#### CITY OF GRAHAM, NORTH CAROLINA Boyd Creek Pump Station Capital Project Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non GAAP) From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

**Statement 9** 

Actual Project Variance Authori-Prior Current Total Positive zation Year Year To Date (Negative) Expenditures Professional services \$ 220,000 \$ 385,688 \$ \$ 385,688 \$ (165, 688)Construction 430,000 392,991 392,991 37,009 Lift station construction 3,250,000 2,632,957 2,660,587 27,630 589,413 Loan fees 62,000 61,938 61,938 \_ 62 Total 3,962,000 3,473,574 27,630 3,501,204 460,796 Other financing sources: Operating transfer from Water and Sewer Fund 712,000 712,000 712,000 Grant proceeds 612,500 612,500 612,500 Loan proceeds 2,637,500 2,149,074 27,630 2,176,704 (460,796) 3,962,000 27,630 3,501,204 3,473,574 (460,796)Net change in fund balance \$ -\$ \$ \$ \$ --

#### CITY OF GRAHAM, NORTH CAROLINA Old Fields Outfall Capital Project Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non GAAP) From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Actual				
	A	roject uthori- ration	 Prior Year	 Current Year		Total To Date		Variance Positive Negative)
Expenditures								
Professional services	\$	150,000	\$ 56,457	\$ 82,567	\$	139,024	\$	10,976
Construction - Phase 1		1,585,000	-	1,061,073		1,061,073		523,927
Construction - Phase 2		1,200,000	-	849,038		849,038		350,962
Easements		20,000	 11,306	 		11,306		8,694
Total		2,955,000	 67,763	 1,992,678		2,060,441	<u></u>	894,559
Other financing sources:								
Operating transfer from								
Water and Sewer Fund		1,355,000	-	536,703		536,703		(818,297)
Development Revenue		800,000	-	723,738		723,738		(76,262)
System Development								
Capital Reseve Fund		800,000	 67,763	 732,237	_	800,000		_
		2,955,000	 67,763	 1,992,678		2,060,441		(894,559)
Net change in fund balance	\$	_	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	<u> </u>

#### CITY OF GRAHAM, NORTH CAROLINA Wastewater Treatment Plant Upgrade Capital Project Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non GAAP) From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Project Authori- zation	 Prior Year	 Current Year	 Total To Date		Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures						
Professional services	\$ 3,200,000	\$ 984,373	\$ 1,738,389	\$ 2,722,762	\$	477,238
Loan fees	 615,000	 -	 -	 		615,000
Total	 3,815,000	 984,373	 1,738,389	 2,722,762		1,092,238
Other financing sources: Operating transfer from						
Water and Sewer Fund	615,000	-	-	-		(615,000)
ASADRA State Loan	 3,200,000	 984,373	 1,921,809	 2,906,182		(293,818)
	 3,815,000	 984,373	 1,921,809	 2,906,182		(908,818)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 183,420	\$ 183,420	\$	183,420

#### City of Graham, North Carolina Internal Service Fund - Garage Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Statement 12 Page 1 of 2

			2021	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Revenues:				
Operating revenues Charges for services				
Alamance County - maintenance City of Graham Graham Housing Authority Green Level ABC vehicles Sale of surplus property Miscellaneous income	\$ 245,300 770,100 20,800 21,000 4,200	\$ 240,472 642,230 23,327 16,769 5,148 1,300 1,050	\$ (4,828) (127,870) 2,527 (4,231) 948 1,300 1,050	\$ 130,937 497,059 12,808 18,311 3,100 - 71
Total	1,061,400	930,296	(131,104)	662,286
Total operating revenues	1,061,400	930,296	(131,104)	662,286
Non-operating revenues Investment earnings		46	46	700
Total non-operating revenues		46	46	700
Total revenues	1,061,400	930,342	(131,058)	662,986
Expenditures:				
Operations				
Salaries	125,000	121,795	3,205	113,903
FICA	9,000	9,605	(605)	8,982
Group insurance	17,000	16,897	103	14,825
Dental insurance	1,000	-	1,000	-
Unemployment expense	500	-	500	(114)
Retirement	13,000	14,439	(1,439)	11,441
Longevity pay	5,100	5,055	45	4,814
Telephone and postage	6,800	3,297	3,503	6,446
Utilities	3,500	2,688	812	2,829
Travel	500	-	500	-
Maintenance and repairs - equipment	3,500	1,134	2,366	619
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles	3,500	554	2,946	545
Vehicle and equipment fuel	148,300	1,630	146,670	1,337
Supplies and materials	4,500	224	4,276	2,107

#### City of Graham, North Carolina Internal Service Fund - Garage Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Statement 12 Page 2 of 2

				2022				2021
		Budget		Actual	Po	riance sitive gative)		Actual
Uniforms	\$	3,800	\$	2,823	\$	977	\$	2,708
Dues and subscriptions	Ψ	9,000	Ψ	4,160	Ψ	4,840	Ψ	2,708 7,674
Miscellaneous		4,000		1,830		2,170		564
Purchases for inventory		691,500		799,941	(	108,441)		509,037
Supplemental retirement		5,900		6,092	,	(192)		5,392
Capital outlay - small tools		6,000		-		6,000	. <u> </u>	5,913
Total		1,061,400		992,164		69,236		699,022
Capital outlay				6,100		(6,100)		-
Total expenditures		1,061,400		998,264		63,136		699,022
Revenues over (under) expenditures				(67,922)		(67,922)		(36,036)
Other financing sources (uses) Fund balance appropriated								<u> </u>
Revenues and other sources (uses)	¢			((7,000)	¢	((7.000)		
over expenditures	\$	-		(67,922)	\$	(67,922)		(36,036)
Reconciling items:								
Capital outlay				6,100				-
Depreciation				(5,109)				(6,382)
Loss on disposal of assets				-				-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of res	sources -	pensions		5,439				6,773
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability				46,459				(17,116)
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of reso	ources							
- pensions				(46,327)				(470)
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of res	sources							
-OPEB				(964)				41,020
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of reso	ources							
-OPEB				(14,248)				5,579
(Increase) decrease in OPEB Liability				8,711				(55,950)
(Increase) decrease in accrued vacation pay				(2,500)				(2,377)
Total reconciling items				(2,439)				(28,923)
Change in Net Position			\$	(70,361)			\$	(64,959)

#### City of Graham, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2022

Fiscal Year	ncollected Balance ne 30, 2021	 Additions	Collections and Credits		Uncollected Balance June 30, 2022
2021-2022	\$ (	\$ 6,116,817 \$	6,024,049	\$	92,768
2020-2021	101,810		50,923		50,887
2019-2020	53,084	-	15,741		37,343
2018-2019	28,086	-	5,915		22,171
2017-2018	16,564	-	3,586		12,978
2016-2017	14,419	-	2,744		11,675
2015-2016	11,837	-	2,470		9,367
2014-2015	9,982	-	1,955		8,027
2013-2014	12,801	-	2,015		10,786
2012-2013	13,665	-	1,308		12,357
2011-2012	 12,405	 	12,405		
	\$ 274,653	\$ 6,116,817	\$6,123,111	_	268,359

### Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts (General Fund)

	 38,959
Ad valorem taxes receivable - net	\$ 229,400
Reconcilement with revenues: Ad valorem taxes - General Fund	\$ 6,135,763
Reconciling items: Tax cost and interest Amounts written off for tax year 2011-2012	(31,717)
per statute of limitations Refunds and other adjustments - net	12,404 6,661
Subtotal	 (12,652)
Total collections and credits	\$ 6,123,111

### City of Graham, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy City-Wide Levy

### For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

								Total	Lev	у
			C	ity-Wide				Property Excluding		
		Property Valuation		Rate		Total Levy		Registered Motor Vehicles		Registered Motor Vehicles
Original levy: Property taxed at current year's rate	\$	1,358,316,604	\$	0.455	\$	6,180,341	\$	5,456,419	\$	723,922
Penalties		-				-	<u></u>			
Total		1,358,316,604				6,180,341		5,456,419		723,922
Discoveries		3,430,346				15,608		15,608		
					<u>.</u>	6,195,949		5,472,027		723,922
Abatements		(17,391,992)				(79,132)		(79,132)		
Total property valuation	\$	1,344,354,958								
Net levy						6,116,817		5,392,895		723,922
Uncollected taxes at J	une 30	, 2022				(92,768)		(85,014)		(7,754)
Current year's taxes c	ollected	1			\$	6,024,049	\$	5,307,881	\$	716,168
Current levy collectio	n perce	entage				98.48%		98.42%		98.93%
Secondary Market Di	sclosur	<u>es</u> :								
Assessed Valuation: Assessment Ratio	o <sup>1</sup>					Total 100%				
Real Property Personal Propert Public Service C		ies <sup>2</sup>			\$	1,036,183,421 283,605,594 24,565,943	\$ 	1,036,183,421 124,501,890 24,565,943	\$	- 159,103,704 -
Total Assessed Valua Tax Rate per \$100	tion					1,344,354,958 0.455		1,185,251,254 0.455	-	159,103,704 0.455
Levy (includes discov and abatements)	veries, r	releases			\$	6,116,817	\$	5,392,895	\$	723,922

<sup>1</sup> Percentage of appraised value has been established by statute.

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Valuation of railroads, telephone companies and other utilities as determined by the North Carolina Property Tax Commission.

### City of Graham, North Carolina Ten Largest Taxpayers For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Toypoyor	Tyme of Duciness		Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Taxpayer	Type of Business	 	v aluation
LIDL US Operations LLC	Manufacturing	\$ 74,406,402	5.53%
SDG, Graham I LLC	Rental	25,685,158	1.91%
Southwood, Waterside LLC	Rental	22,994,718	1.71%
Triangle, Watercourse LLC	Rental	19,353,027	1.44%
Indulor America LP	Manufacturing	14,876,942	1.11%
Duke Energy	Utilities	13,284,797	0.99%
Luxfer Inc.	Manufacturing	11,712,907	0.87%
Peak of Graham LLC	Healthcare	11,193,862	0.83%
Pines Apartments of Graham LLC	Rental	9,409,857	0.70%
Sterigenics U.S. LLC	Sterilization Technologies	 8,854,966	0.66%
		\$ 211,772,636	15.75%



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### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

To The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Graham Graham, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United State of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Graham, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the City of Graham's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 29, 2022.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Graham's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Graham's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Graham's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1440 Burlington, NC 27216-1440

Street Address: 1233 South Church Street Burlington, NC 27215

336-226-7343 fax 336-229-4204 www.ssmkllp.com e-mail: ssmk@ssmkllp.com

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Graham's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

STOUT STUART ME GOWEN & KING LLP

Burlington, North Carolina November 29, 2022



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Advisors to Management

### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; WITH OMB UNIFORM GUIDANCE; AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT IMPLEMENTATION ACT

Independent Auditor's Report

To The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Graham Graham, North Carolina

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program**

### **Opinion on Each Major State Program**

We have audited City of Graham, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Graham's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The City of Graham's major State programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City of Graham complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1440 Burlington, NC 27216-1440

> Street Address: 1233 South Church Street Burlington, NC 27215

336-226-7343 fax 336-229-4204 www.ssmkllp.com e-mail: ssmk@ssmkllp.com We are required to be independent of City of Graham and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major State program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Graham's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

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### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to City of Graham State programs.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on City of Graham's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about City of Graham's compliance with the requirements of each major State program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding City of Graham's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of City of Graham's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Graham's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section and above and was not designed to identify all

deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

STOUT STUART ME GOWEN & KING LLP

Burlington, North Carolina November 29, 2022

### CITY OF GRAHAM, NORTH CAROLINA

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

## Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results **Financial Statements** Unmodified Type of auditor's report issued: Internal control over financial reporting: \_\_\_\_\_Yes X No Material weakness(es) identified? Significant Deficiency(s) identified that are not Yes X None Reported considered to be material weaknesses \_\_\_\_\_ Yes <u>X</u> No Noncompliance material to financial statements noted State Awards Internal control over major State programs: \_\_\_\_\_Yes X\_\_\_No Material weakness(es) identified? Significant Deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses Yes X None Reported Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major State programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with State Single Audit \_\_\_\_\_ Yes <u>X</u> No Implementation Act Identification of major State Programs:

<u>Program Name</u> Powell Bill

### CITY OF GRAHAM, NORTH CAROLINA

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

Section III. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

### CITY OF GRAHAM, NORTH CAROLINA

### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

None Reported

#### Schedule 16

### City of Graham, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

		State/ Pass-through	Federal (Direct and	
Grantor/Pass-through		Grantor's	Pass-through)	State
<u>Grantor/Program Title</u>		Number	Expenditures	Expenditures
State Grants:				
N.C. Department of Transportation				
Powell Bill	N/A	32570	-	484,663
N.C. Department of Education				
Passed through Alamance-Burlington School System				
School Resource Officer	N/A	Unknown		195,000
Total Assistance - State Programs				679,663
Total assistance			\$ -	\$ 679,663
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards:				

#### Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of the City of Graham under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Graham, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City of Graham.

#### Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

City of Graham has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.